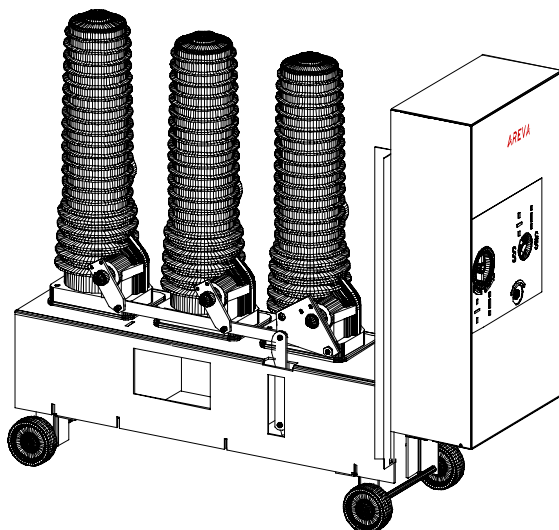




FP Circuit Breaker with SF6 gas insulation

Installation
Commissioning
Operation
Maintenance



Instructions



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1 AREVA at your service

Operation and maintenance may only be carried out by personnel who have received suitable authorisation for the operations and manoeuvres they are responsible for performing.

If this is not the case, please refer to our Service Unit or to our Training Centre.
All locking-out operations must be performed according to the

"General Safety Instructions booklet for Electrical Applications"
UTE C 18 510
(or its equivalent outside FRANCE).

1.1 Our Service Unit: our specialists, and suitably adapted services...

- Guarantee extension contracts in relation to the selling of new equipment,
- Supervision of HVA switchgear installations,
- Technical advice, diagnoses of the facilities, expertise,
- Maintenance contracts adapted to the operational constraints,
- Systematic or conditional preventive maintenance,
- Corrective maintenance in case of partial or complete failure,
- Supply of spare parts,
- Overhauling of equipment and requalification of installations in order to benefit from new technologies and extend the life of your switchgear by limited investments.



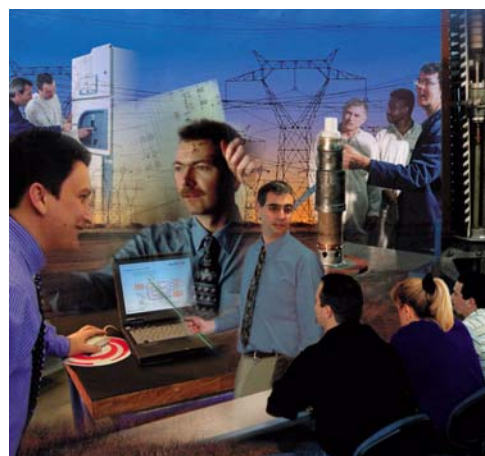
Contact the AREVA Service Unit for diagnoses and advice:

Working hours

Phone No:	33 (0)3 85 29 35 00	<u>7 days per week/ 24hours per day</u>
Fax:	33 (0)3 85 29 36 30	
or	33 (0)3 85 29 36 43	Free phone No: 0 800 40 27 62

1.2 AREVA T&D Training Centre: your training partner

- A wide field of expertise:
 - study and design of networks and installations,
 - operation and maintenance of LV, HVA and HVB equipment,
 - application themes (electrical generating sets, diesel motors etc.),
 - electrical safety enabling the employer to give suitable authorisation to the people in charge of the operations and interventions on electrical equipment,
- training sessions in our centres or on site, defined according to your objectives and constraints,
- qualified trainers and experts in their field,
- practical work on real machines which represent more than 50% of the training period,
- an FIEEC Quality Training Charter member organisation and certified ISO 9001 version 2000.



Faced with the direct and indirect training costs of the operational stoppages and shutdown, training is a real investment

AREVA T&D Training Centre

130, Rue Léon Blum - BP 1321 - F-69611 Villeurbanne Cedex
Tel.: +33 (0)4 72 68 33 86 Fax: 33 (0)4 72 68 35 17 E-mail: formation.dafep@areva-td.com

2 With regards to this User Manual

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trademarks. The other brand names mentioned within this document, whether they be

copyright or not, belong to their respective holders.

2.1 Eco-design concept and revalorisation of the materials used

The design and manufacture of our packaging are both in conformity with the French government decree

N° 98-638 of 20 July 1998, concerning the account that is taken of environmental requirements.

2.2 Responsibilities

Our devices are quality controlled and tested at the factory in accordance with the standards and the regulations currently in force. Apparatus efficiency and apparatus life depend on the compliance with the installation, commissioning and operation instructions described in this user manual. Non respect of these instructions is likely to invalidate any guarantee. Local requirements especially about safety and which are in accordance with the indications

given in this document, must be observed.

AREVA declines any responsibility for the consequences:

- due to the non respect of the recommendations in this manual which make reference to the international regulations in force.
- due to the non respect of the instructions by the suppliers of cables and connection accessories during installation and fitting operations,

- any possible aggressive climatic conditions (humidity, pollution, etc.) acting in the immediate environment of the materials that are neither suitably adapted nor protected for these effects.

This user manual does not list the locking-out procedures that must be applied. The interventions described are carried out on de-energized equipment (in the course of being installed) or locked out (non operational).

2.3 Reminder concerning normal service conditions (in accordance with IEC 60694)

* Permissible ambient temperature

The ambient air temperature should be comprised between - 5°C and + 40° C.

The mean measured value for a 24 hour period must not exceed 35°C.

* Installation altitude

HV equipment are defined in accordance with European Standards and can be used up to an altitude of 1,000 m.

Beyond this, account must be taken of the decrease in dielectric withstand.

For these specific cases, contact the AREVA Sales Department

* Atmospheric pollution

The ambient air must not contain any dust particles, fumes or smoke, corrosive or flammable gases, vapours or salts.

* Permissible atmospheric humidity level

The average atmospheric relative humidity level measured over a 24-hour period must not exceed 95%.

The average atmospheric relative humidity value measured over a period of one month must not exceed 90 %.

Condensation may appear in case of any sharp variation in temperature, due to excessive ventilation, a high atmospheric humidity level or the presence of hot air. This condensation can be avoided by an appropriate lay-out of the room or of the building (suitably adapted ventilation, air driers, heating etc.).

The average water vapour pressure over a period of 24 hours must not exceed 22 mbar.

The average water vapour pressure over a period of one month must not exceed 18 mbar.

Whenever the humidity level is higher than 95 %, we recommend that you take appropriate corrective measures. For any assistance or advice, contact the AREVA After-Sales Department (See § 1.1).	Whenever the humidity level is higher than 75%, we recommend that you take appropriate corrective measures	for which AREVA can offer you the necessary assistance. Please do not hesitate to contact us.
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2.4 Particular instructions for operation and intervention with energized equipment

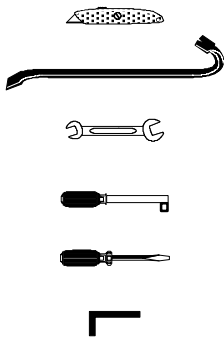
When commissioning and operating the equipment under normal conditions, the General safety instructions for electrical applications must be respected, (protective gloves, insulating stool,	etc.), as well as the operating instructions. All manipulations must be completed once started.	The durations for carrying out the operations mentioned in the maintenance tables are given purely as an indication and depend on the conditions on-site.
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2.5 Other technical notices to be consulted

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AMTNoT003-02 Fluokit M24 • AMTNoT017-02 BLR-BLRM Control mechanisms • AMTNoT090-02 Fluokit M24+ | Installation - Commissioning - Operation - Maintenance
Operation - Maintenance
Installation - Commissioning - Operation - Maintenance |
|---|---|

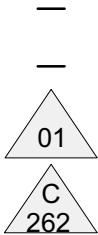
2.6 Tools and products (*not supplied*) required for the operations described in this notice

- Cutter
- Crowbar
- Open-ended spanners: 10; 13; 16; 17;18; 19 & 30 mm
- Ratchet spanner + 150mm extension with sockets of 10; 13; 16; 17 mm
- Flat headed screwdriver
- Allen keys for hexagonal screws size 5
- Torque wrench
- Flat-nose pliers
- Hand drill +drill bit Ø6 mm
- Tape measure
- Hammer + Pin punch
- Rule

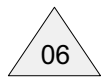


-
- Clean, dry cloth
 - Solvent (di-electric resistance > 30kV), excluding chlorine based products
 - Mechanical grease Mobilplex 47, Mobilux EP3 from Mobil or Stabilube T6 by Sophos
 - Loctite 262 thread lock

Product code



2.7 Symbols & conventions



- Code for a product recommended and marketed by AREVA



- Tightening torque value
Example: 1.6 **daN.m**



- Mark corresponding to a key



CAUTION! Remain vigilant!
Precautions to be taken in order to avoid any accident or injury



FORBIDDEN! Do not do it!
Compliance with this indication is compulsory, non compliance with this stipulation may damage the equipment.



INFORMATION - ADVICE
Your attention is drawn to a specific point or operation.

2.8 Tightening torque values for standard assemblies (nut + bolt)

Threaded fasteners without grease:
assembly with ungreased washers.

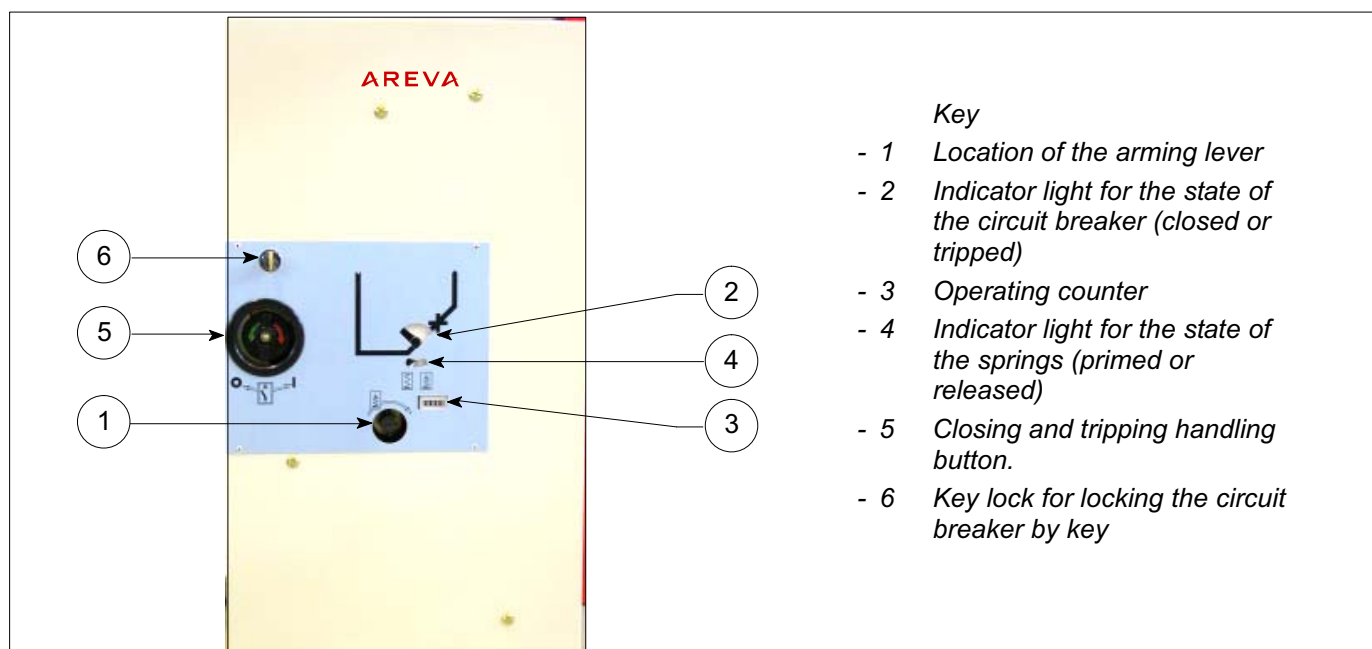
Threaded fasteners with grease:
mounted with the washer greased.

Use grease referenced:



Dimensions	Zinc plated steel fasteners without grease (daN.m)		Stainless steel fasteners with grease (daN.m) A2-70
	Class 6.8	Class 8.8	
M 6	0.7	0.9	0.7
M 8	1.6	2.1	1.6
M 10	3.2	4.3	3.2
M 12	5	6.6	5
M 14	8.7	11.6	8.7
M 16	13.4	17.9	13.4
M 20	26.2	35	26.2

>>> 3 Presentation of the FP circuit breaker



3.1 Weights and shipping methods for the circuit breakers

Functional Unit	Circuit breaker	Weight of the circuit breaker (kg)	Integrated into the Functional Unit*
DNF7 - DNF7S	FP 73 - FP 731 - FP 741	320	Yes (except FP741)
FLUOKIT M24	FP 61 - FP 62	175	Yes
FLUOKIT M24+	FP 61 - FP 62	175	Yes
FLUOKIT M36	FP 71 - FP 72	175	Yes

* Circuit breaker shipped strapped and connected inside the Functional Unit




- Operating lever for the BLR-BLRM control mechanisms.

>>> 4 Packaging - Handling - Storage

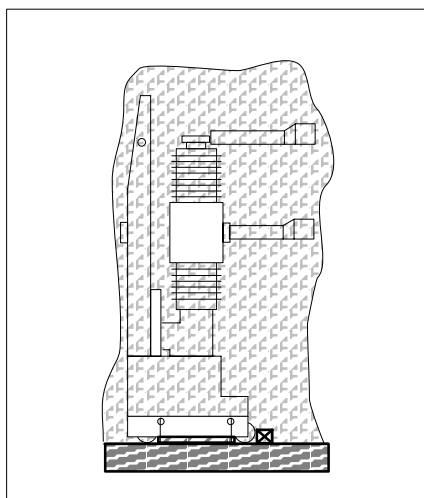
4.1 Transport - Delivery

The conditions and methods of transport are defined with the customer, at the time of processing the contract. Packaging is

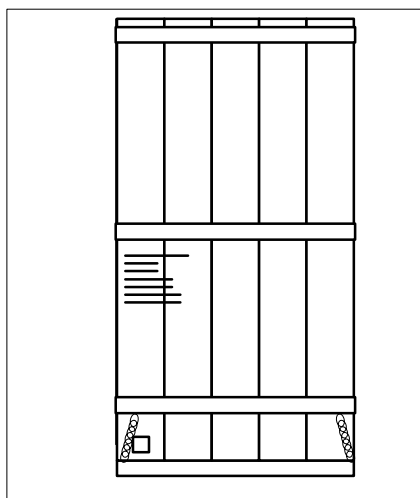
dependent on the conditions of transport, storage and the nature of the product being transported.

 Certain circuit breakers are supplied strapped inside the Functional Unit, in the “withdrawn/ test” position.

4.2 Packaging for the circuit breakers



- Circuit breaker road and rail packaging:
 - attached to a wooden pallet,
 - enveloped in plastic stretch wrapping,
 - protection of the front face by expanded polystyrene.



- Circuit breaker air and sea packaging:
 - under a heat-sealed cover with bags of desiccant,
 - enclosed in a wooden case.



- Status of the equipment on delivery:
 - Circuit breaker “tripped”,
 - Mechanical control “Released”.

4.3 Packaging for the “Circuit Breaker” moving part

For all shipments by air, the SF6 gas pressure is lowered to 0.5 relative bar. A refilling and pressure adjustment kit is delivered with the device.

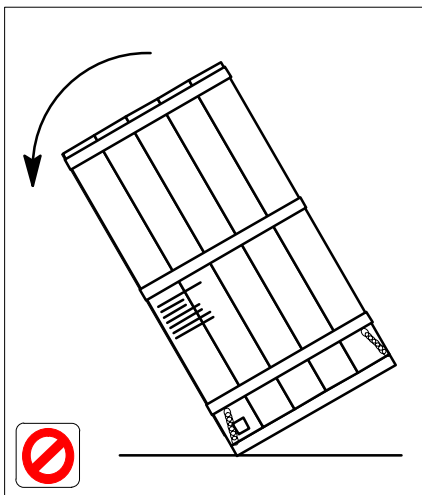
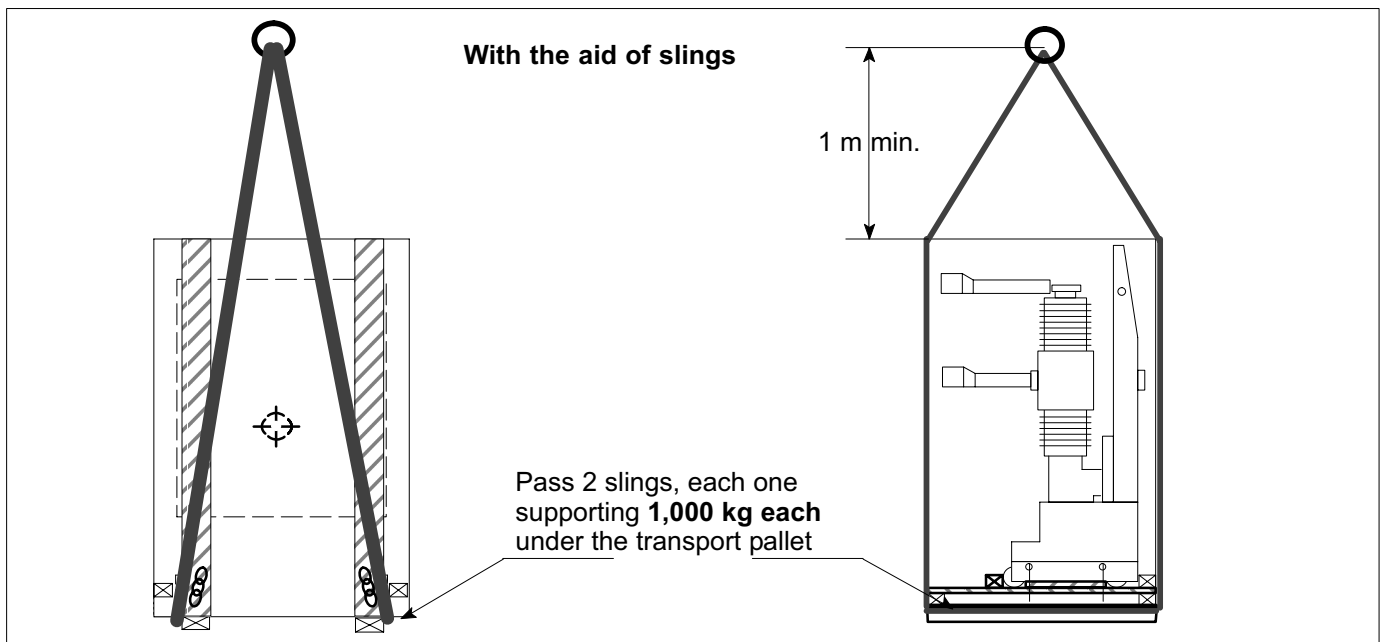
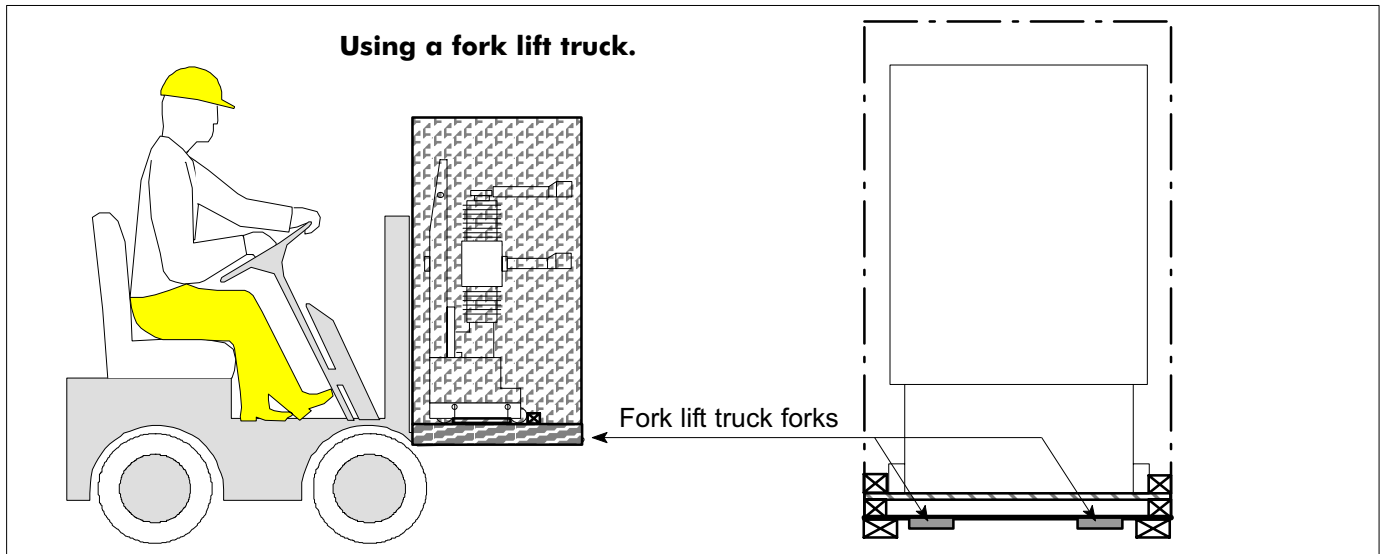


For all shipments by air, reset the SF6 circuit breaker to its rated pressure before the first mechanical operation test.

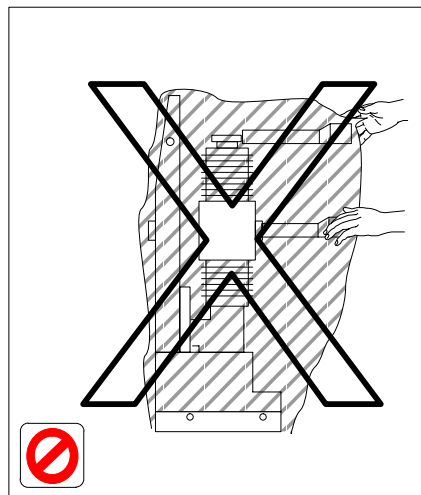


The circuit breaker must remain on its base, within its original packaging during any eventual storage period and until it arrives at the location of its installation.

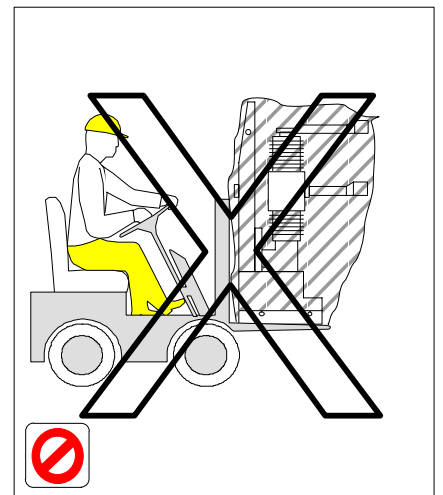
4.4 Handling the circuit breaker when packed



- Never tip the crates over.



- Never handle the circuit breaker by its connecting plates.



- Never lift up a circuit breaker by lifting it under its chassis (or trolley).

4.5 Storage conditions

Ensure that the material is suitably packaged for the requirements of the planned storage period.

Preserve the equipment in its original factory packaging.

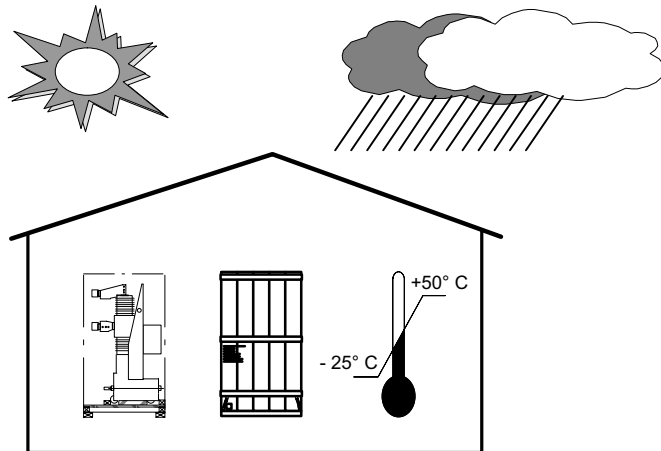
Avoid leaving the material where it is likely to be subjected to large, sudden temperature changes.

Ensure that there are no corrosive vapours present, for example sulphur dioxide (SO₂).

The area chosen for storage must be capable of protecting the products against possible damage due to deterioration agents, such as:

- Water
- Water vapour
- Saline atmosphere
- All types of pollution
- Micro organisms.

Contact AREVA for any derogations to these criteria



4.6 Intervention levels

Description	Levels		
Operations carried out by the Customer	1		
Operations requiring specific training, carried out by an approved third party		2	
Work to be carried out <u>exclusively</u> by AREVA			3

4.7 Specific recommendations for storage durations of less than 6 months

	1	2	3
. Packaged under a plastic covering			
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging	X	X	X
When unpacking, check the operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	X	X

4.8 Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 6 and 12 months

	1	2	3
. Protected by a heat-welded sheet, with bags of desiccant			
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging (check that, among other things, there are no holes)	X	X	X
When unpacking:			
- Check the operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	X	X
- Test the min. threshold level (AC, 85% rated Un; DC, 70% of Un) for the electrical operation of the coils	-	X	X

4.9 Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 12 and 24 months

	1	2	3
. Protected by a heat-welded sheet, with a method of replacing the bags of desiccant			
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging (check that, among other things, there are no holes)	X	X	X
Periodically replace the bags of desiccant	X	X	X
When unpacking: - carry out light maintenance work	-	-	X
- Check the mechanical operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	-	X
- Test the min. threshold level (AC, 85% rated Un; DC, 70% of Un) for the electrical operation of the coils	-	-	X



* The pressure of any SF₆ circuit breaker having travelled by air must be restored to its rated value before any mechanical operation test.

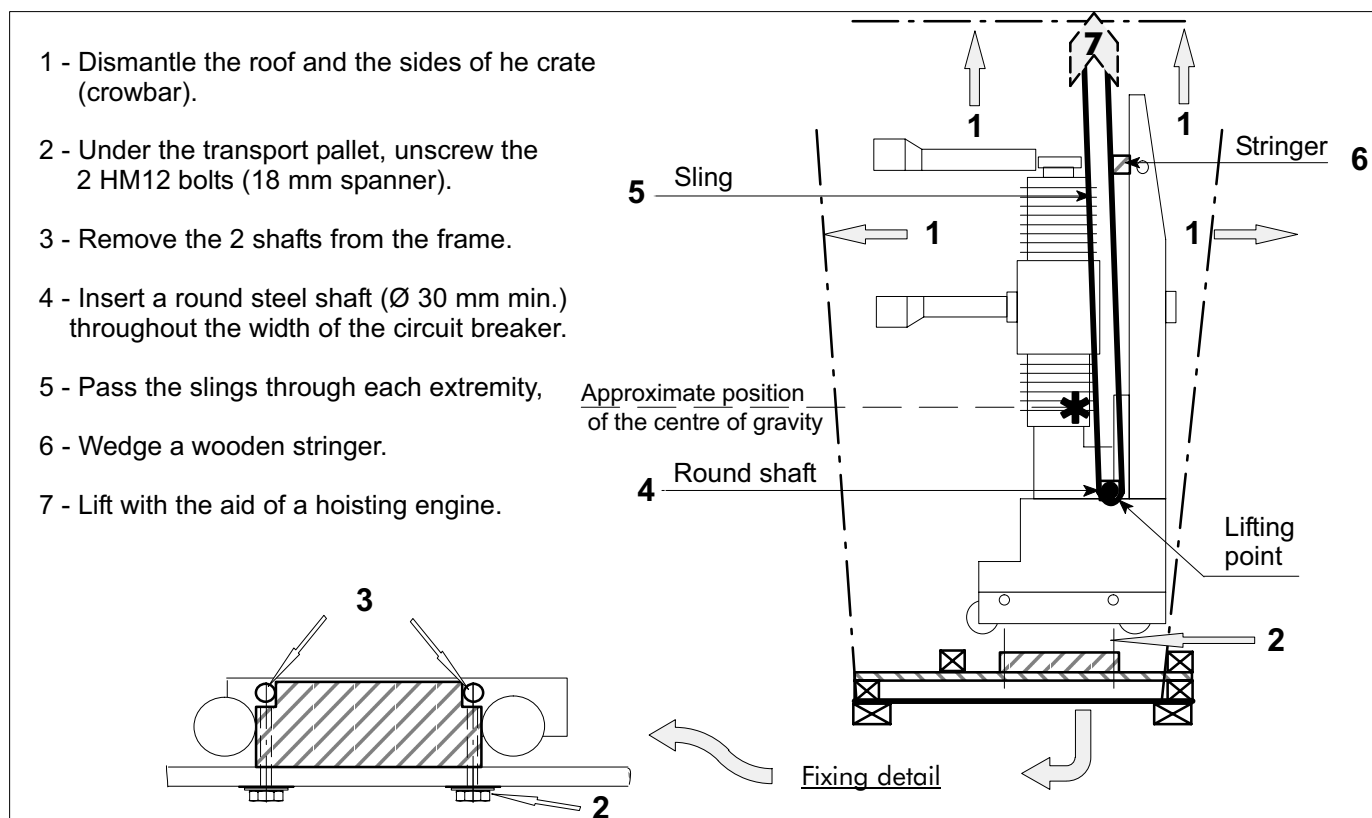
>>> 5 Unpacking the circuit breaker

5.1 Unpacking the circuit breaker

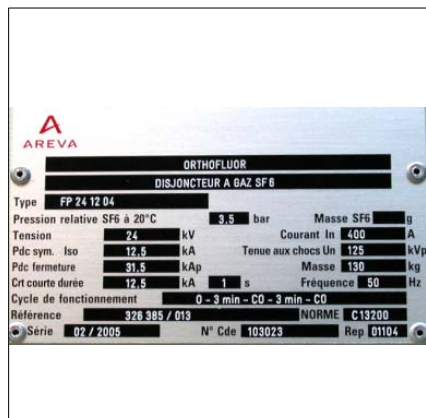
Unpacking the circuit breaker must only take place on its installation site.

Tools required:

- Cutter
- Crowbar
- 18 or 19 mm spanner
- Hoisting engine with slings, Stringer and round steel shaft.



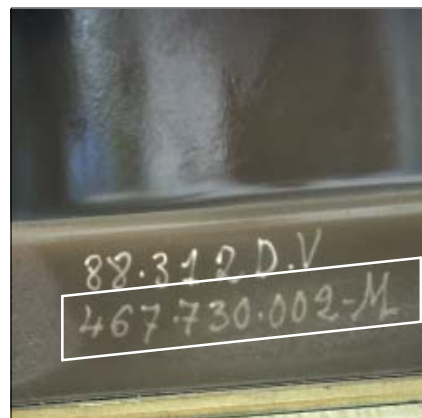
5.2 Identification of the circuit breaker



- Each circuit breaker is identified by a name plate giving technical details on its frame.



- Each pole is identified by a technical reference, either engraved on a label glued to its base, ...



or engraved directly on to the base plate.

5.3 Identification of the circuit breaker with reduced pressure



- A warning label specifies the refill to its nominal pressure stipulated on the name plate (see § 5.2).

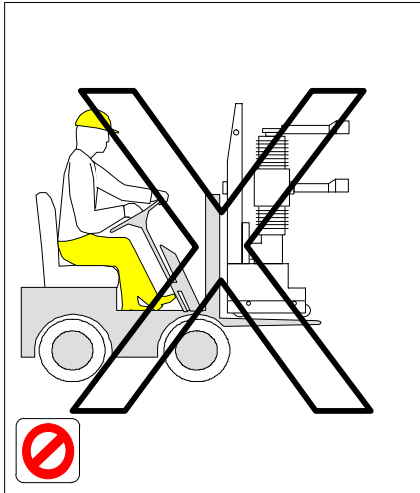
<p style="text-align: center;">ATTENTION</p> <p>La pression interne de gaz a été ramenée à 0,5 bar pour le transport</p> <p>Il est impératif de remettre l'appareil à sa pression initiale avant sa remise en service.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Se référer à la plaque d'instruction</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">CAUTION</p> <p>For transporting, the SF6 gas pressure has been decreased to 0.5 bar</p> <p>So it is absolutely vital to refill the pole to its nominal pressure before commissioning.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Refer to name plate</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ATENCION</p> <p>La presión interna de gas a sido bajada a 0,5 bar para el transporte</p> <p>Es imperativo de volver a inchar el aparato a su presión inicial antes de su puesta en servicio.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Referirse a la placa de instrucción</p>
---	--

- Warning label placed on each pole.

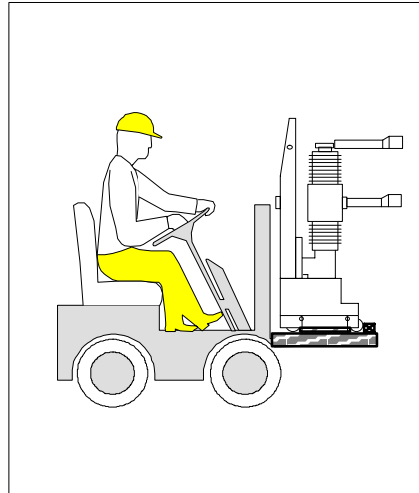
5.4 Handling the circuit breaker when unpacked



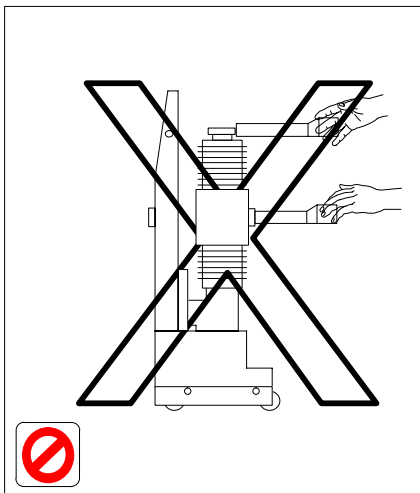
Comply with the special instructions that may be written on the device.



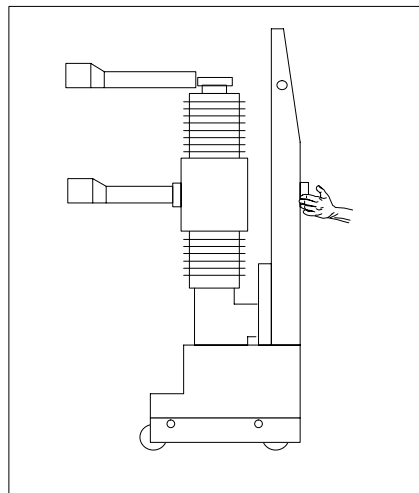
- Never lift up a circuit breaker by lifting it under its chassis (or trolley).



- Only transport circuit breakers provided with a wooden pallet.
- Insert the forks of the fork lift truck throughout all their length.



- Never handle the circuit breaker by its connecting plates.



- Handle the circuit breaker by holding it by its transport handles.



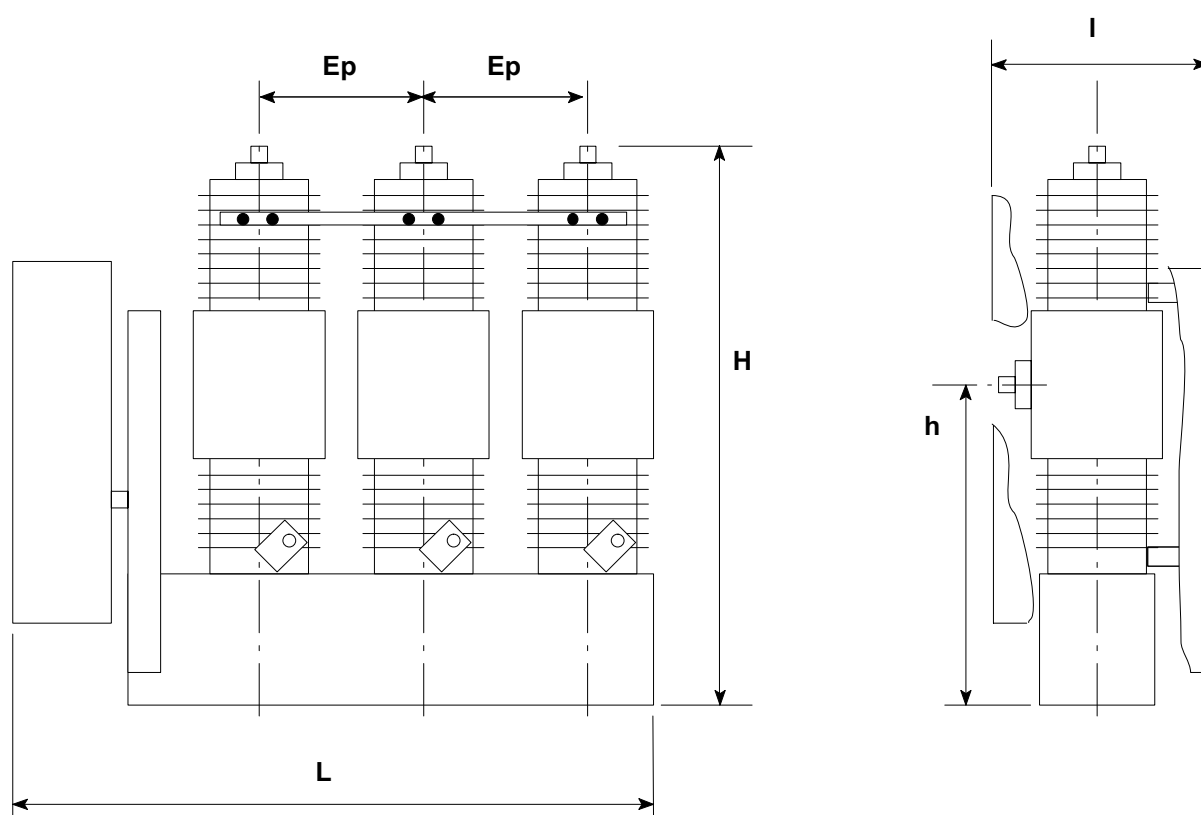
6 Installation outside the Functional Unit

6.1 Dimensions of the circuit breakers



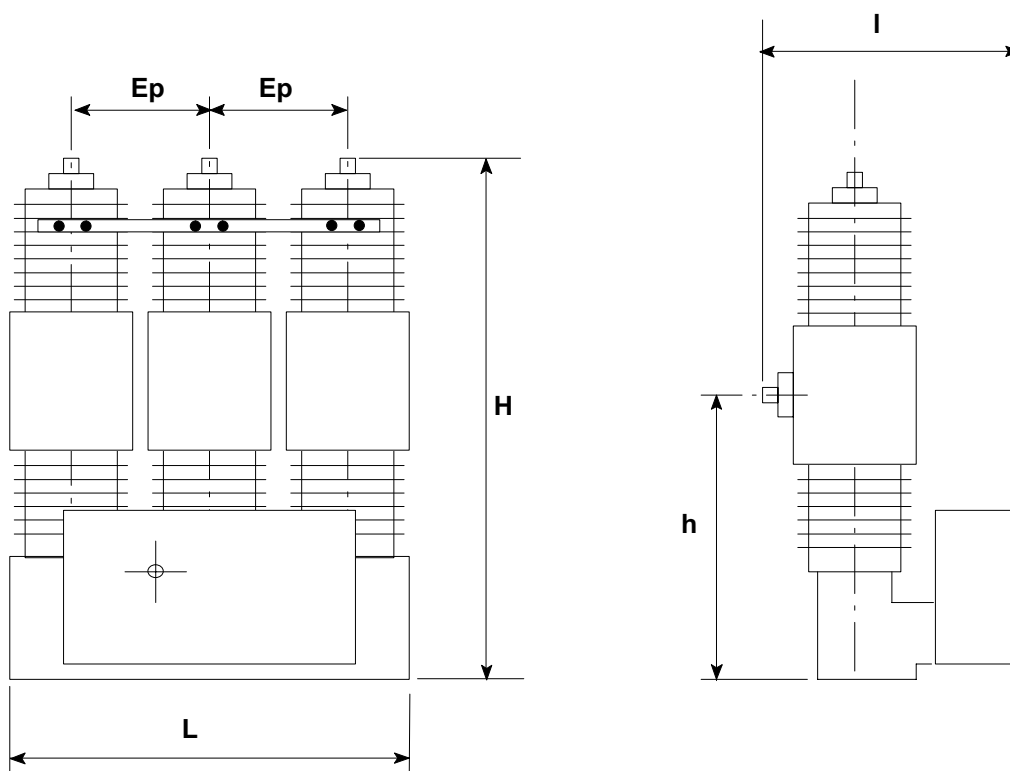
Circuit breakers designed to be used outside a Functional Unit must be fixed to the ground.

Longitudinal lay-out



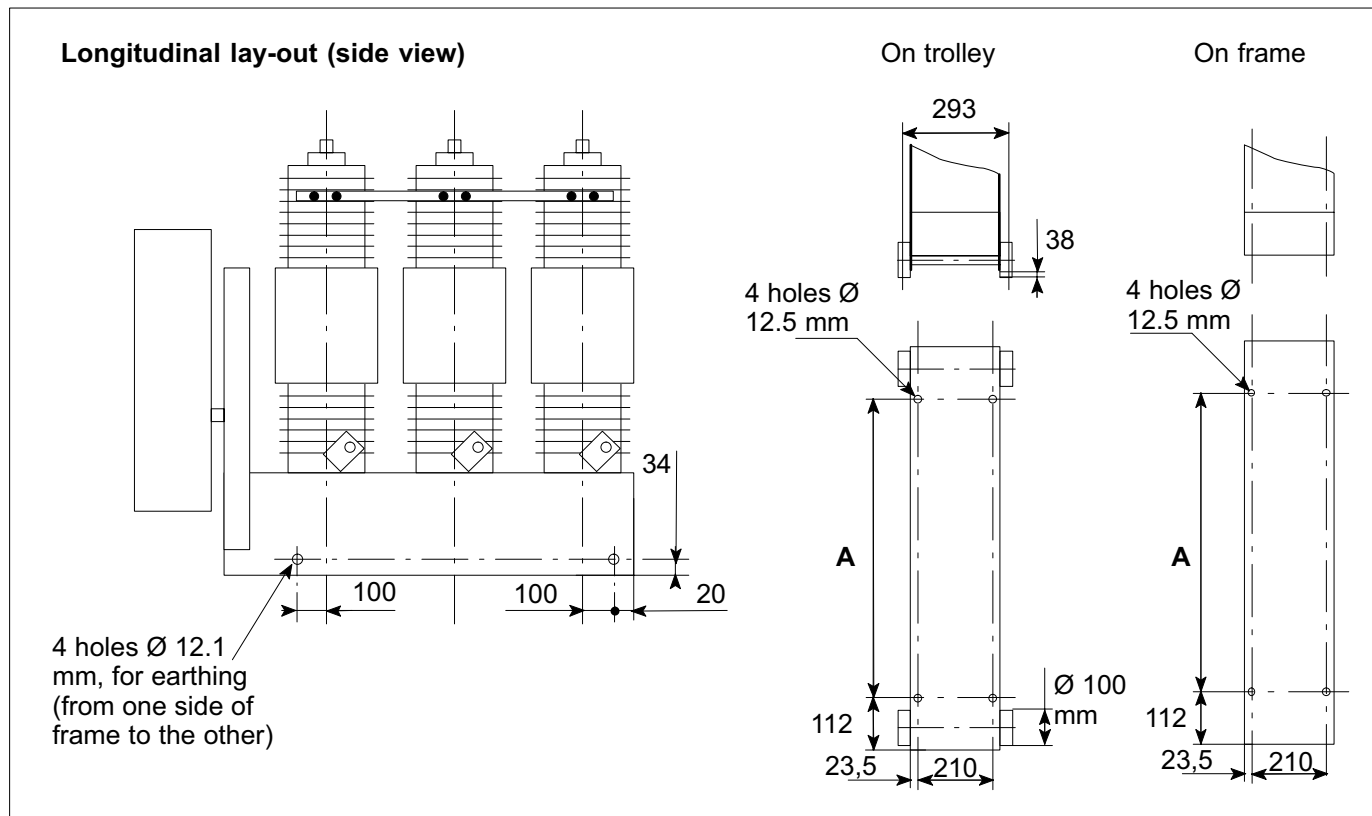
I_n		$\leq 24 \text{ kV}$			$> 24 \text{ kV}$	
		E_p (mm)				
		I (mm)				
$\leq 1,250 \text{ A}$	H (mm)	1040	1120	1220	1370	1470
$> 1,250 \text{ A} \leq 2,500 \text{ A}$		841	841	841	931	-
$> 2,500 \text{ A}$		985	985	985	985	985
$\leq 1,250 \text{ A}$	h (mm)	1032	1032	1032	1032	1032
$> 1,250 \text{ A} \leq 2,500 \text{ A}$		476	476	476	-	-
$> 2,500 \text{ A}$		567	567	567	567	567
		567	567	567	-	-

Front view lay-out (front face)

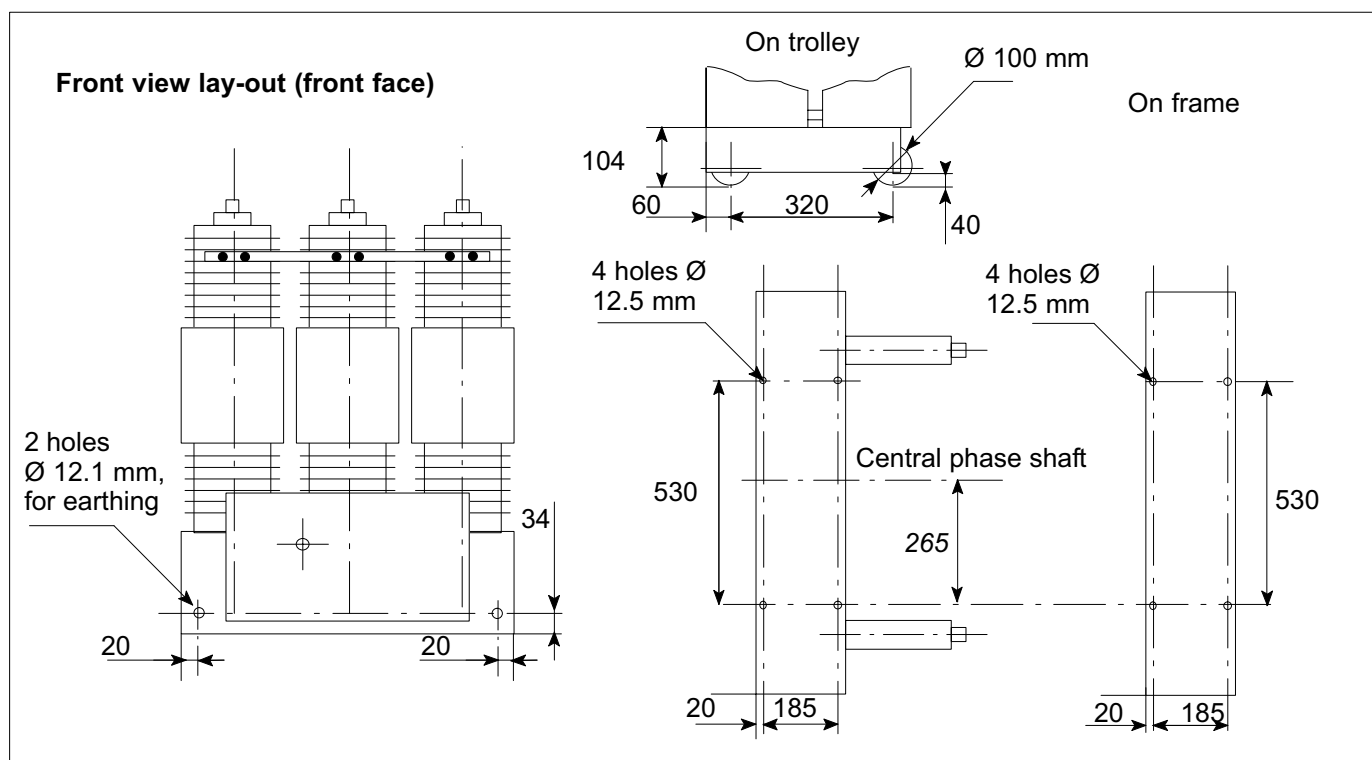


	E_p (mm)	$U_n \leq 24$ kV			24 kV < $U_n \leq 36$ kV	
		210	250	300	350	400
I_n						
$\leq 2,500$ A	L (mm)	680	740	840	940	1040
$> 2,500$ A		700	740	840	940	1040
$\leq 1,250$ A	H (mm)	841	841	841	931	-
$> 1,250$ A $\leq 2,500$ A		1013	1013	1013	1013	1013
$> 2,500$ A		1060	1060	1060	1060	1060
$\leq 1,250$ A	h (mm)	476	476	476	566	-
$> 1,250$ A $\leq 2,500$ A		595	595	595	595	595
$> 2,500$ A		595	595	595	595	595
$\leq 1,250$ A	I (mm)	470	470	470	470	470
$> 1,250$ A $\leq 2,500$ A		-	543	543	543	543
$> 2,500$ A		-	600	600	600	600

6.2 Dimensions for circuit breakers on the ground



Between phases (mm)	210	250	300	350	400
A (mm)	590	670	770	920	1020




7 Adjustment of the SF6 gas pressure

7.1 General instructions for handling and storing gas bottles under pressure

Ensure that the gas tap is in good condition and is protected by a protective cover.

Avoid shocks.

Do not expose the bottles to a temperature higher than +50°C.

 The SF6 gas bottles must be stored away from corrosive agents (water, water vapour, saline atmosphere, pollution of all kinds).

7.2 SF6 filling and pressure checking kit (supplied as an option)

- The SF6 filling kit comprises:
 - an SF6 gas bottle,
 - a pressure reducing valve,
 - a pressure gauge,
 - a connection hose,
 - a protection net (or cover),
 - this instruction manual.



7.3 Preparation of the pressure adjustment tools



- Unscrew the protective cover from the SF6 gas bottle.



- Loosen and remove the protective nut from the orifice of the gas output (open-ended spanner, size 30).



- Fit in position the seal before screwing the refilling pressure reducing gauge (light tightening, by hand).

7.4 General instructions for pressure adjustment

Reminder:

Pressure adjustment is only necessary in the case of a circuit breaker supplied under reduced pressure (air transport for example).

Tools required:

- 1 open-ended spanner size 30
- 1 SF6 gas pressure filling and adjustment kit

Duration: 1.00 h. per circuit breaker



WARNING: Our devices are produced and controlled with the greatest of rigour. Nevertheless, despite all our precautions, handling incidents (shocks), and those for transport or storage are always possible.

This is why we recommend laying protective netting over the circuit breaker during pressure adjustment operations in order to prevent any possible risk of pole failure.



The switchgear should have the same temperature as the equipment room in order to carry out a corrective measure. Otherwise, it is advisable to wait for 24 hours.



The rated pressure is specified on the circuit breaker plate (see § 5.2).

7.5 Pressure adjustment procedure



The gas bottle must always be in the vertical position.

- Remove the protection plug for the pole filling valve.



- Slightly open the tap of the gas bottle in order to remove the air from the hose.
- Connect up the hose to the valve on the pole.



- Cover the circuit breaker with protective netting.
- Tie down the protective netting using bungee cords or linkages (not supplied).



- Open the bottle of SF6 gas. The pole is filled with gas.



The rated pressure is indicated at an ambient temperature of +20°C.

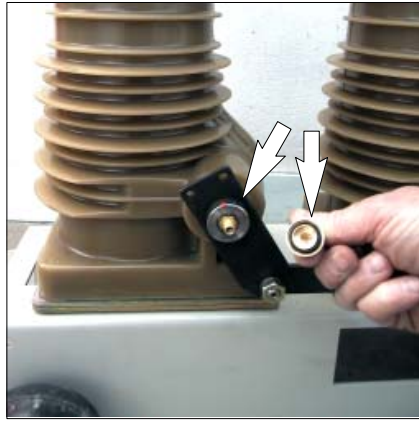
It will be necessary to correct the filling pressure whilst taking into account the ambient temperature at the time of the operation (refer to the Pressure – Temperature diagram § 7.7).




- Adjust the pressure by the lower screw.



Do not exceed the recommended pressure.



- Close the bottle again as soon as the dial of the pressure reducing valve indicates the desired pressure adjustment.
- Control the pressure with the pressure gauge.
- Remove the protective netting.

 Repeat these operations for the other poles on the circuit breaker.

- Before refitting the protective plug, check the cleanliness of the seal under the plug and the contact surface of the seal on the circuit breaker.

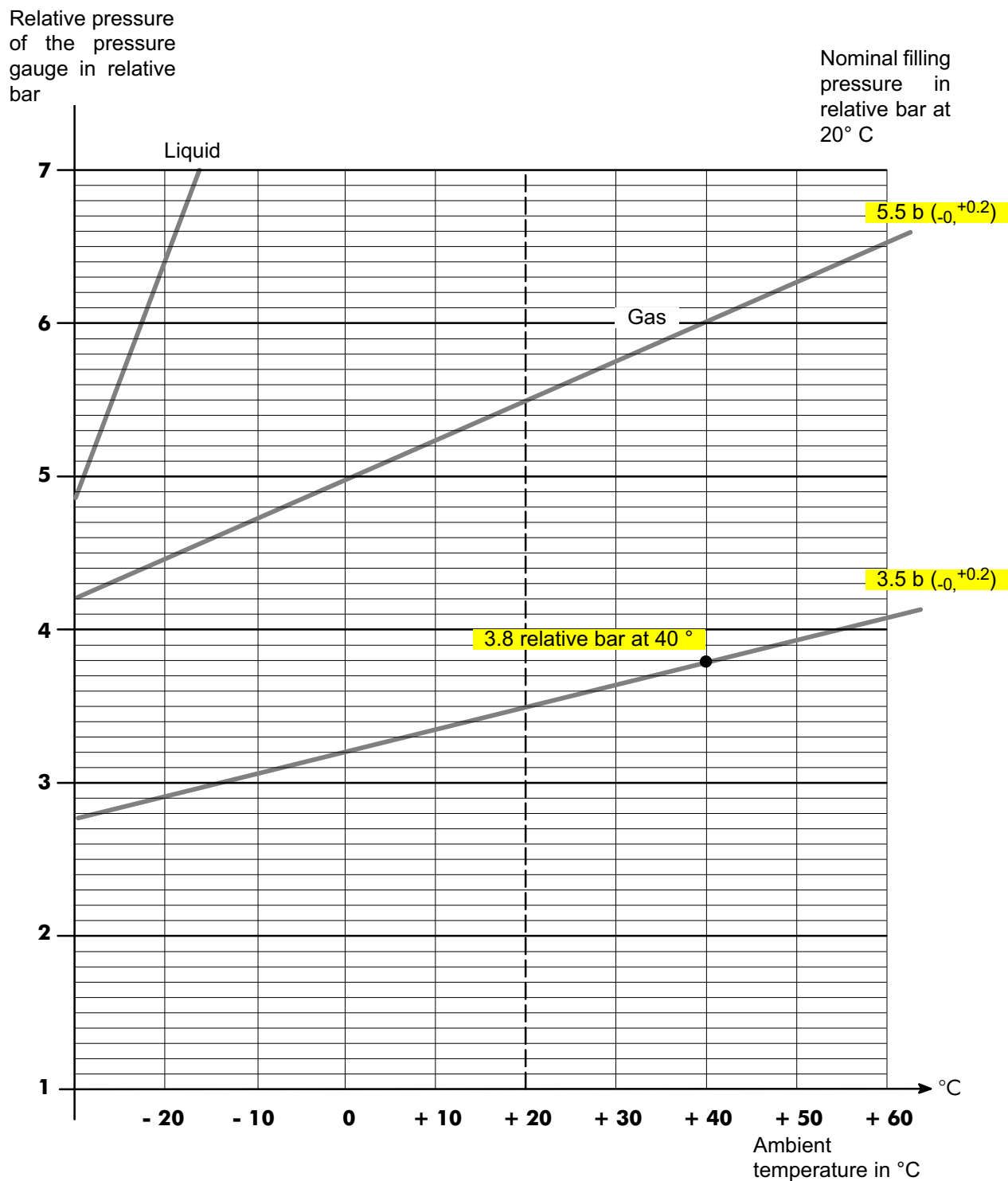
- Screw on and firmly tighten the pole valve plug by hand.

7.6 Reminder of the SF6 gas volumes and pressures depending on the circuit breakers

Circuit breaker	Relative pressure (bar)	Volume released (litres)	Volume enclosure (litres)	SF6 Weight (g)
FP 61/ 62 (per pole)	3.5 (-0, +0.2)	19.5	4.5	120
FP 71 (per pole)	3.5 (-0, +0.2)	24.5	5.5	150
FP 63 (per pole)	5.5 (-0, +0.2)	40	7	240
FP 73 (per pole)	3.5 (-0, +0.2)	58.5	13	360
FP 731 (per pole)	5.5 (-0, +0.2)	90	13.5	550
FP 741 (per pole)	5.5 (-0, +0.2)	90	13.5	550

7.7 Pressure – Temperature Diagram

Diagram of filling pressures as a function of the ambient temperature



Example: for a nominal filling pressure of 3.5 bar, if the ambient temperature is +40°C, the adjustment pressure of the circuit breaker on the pressure gauge will be 3.8 relative bar.

>>> 8 Commissioning - Operation

8.1 Precautions to be taken before commissioning



The internal electrical connections as well as the adjustments to the control mechanism are carried out at the factory and cannot be modified.

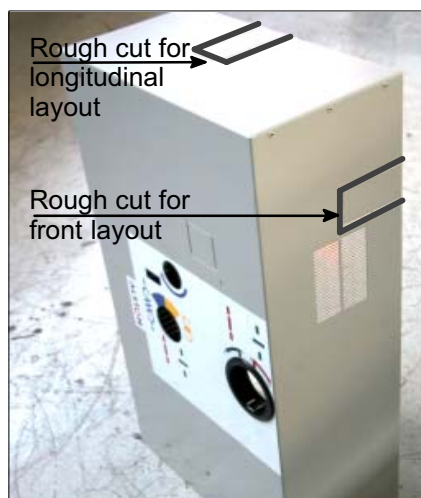
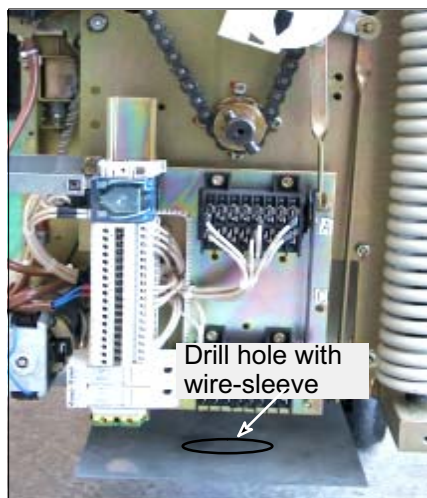


Ensure that the supply voltages for the motor and the electromagnets truly correspond to the normal voltages foreseen on the terminals of these elements.



The characteristics are shown on the rating plate for the BLR control mechanism.

8.2 Electrical connection of the BLR control mechanism



- For control mechanisms with a longitudinal layout, drill the sheet metal located in the lower part of the mechanism to allow for cable entry, and fit a wire sleeve or a cable gland in the opening.
- For front layout mechanisms (front panel), this operation is unnecessary. Next, ensure the wiring passes through the rough cut on the protection cover.
- Carry out the electrical connections from the numbered terminal plates whilst respecting the diagram supplied with the mechanism.

8.3 Testing the operation of the circuit breaker



Ensure that the filling pressure has been adjusted if the circuit breaker was shipped by air.

Carry out several opening and closing operations on the circuit breaker with the manual (and electrical) controls in order to ensure it functions correctly (see § 3).



In the case of a control mechanism equipped with an undervoltage coil (MIA), do not forget to supply power to this coil before any closing test.

8.4 Operation of the circuit breaker

See the instructions in the AMTNoT017-02 manual.

9 Maintenance – Spare Parts

9.1 Levels of maintenance

Description	Levels
Operations recommended in the instructions manual "installation - operation - maintenance", carried out by suitably qualified personnel having received training allowing them to intervene whilst respecting the safety rules.	1
Complex operations, requiring specific expertise and the implementation of support equipment in accordance with AREVA's procedures. These are carried out by AREVA or by a specialised technician, trained by AREVA (see § 1.2) in the implementation of procedures, and who is equipped with specific equipment.	2
All preventive and corrective maintenance, all renovation and reconstruction work is carried out by AREVA.	3

9.2 General Instructions



Never separate the control mechanism from the circuit breaker.



Never dismantle the linkages from the poles.

9.3 Maintenance of the BLR – BLRM control mechanism



Before lifting off the cover of the control mechanism:
- cut off the auxiliaries power circuits,

- Operate the operating button several times, in both directions, in order to ensure that the springs have been released.

See the instructions in the AMTNoT017-02 manual.

9.4 Standard maintenance of the "circuit breaker" part

This applies for a normal operating rhythm by the circuit breaker (< 2,500 cycles).

By cycle we mean a closing then an opening operation.

For an intensive operating rhythm, please refer to § 9.6.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	Frequency		Levels		
Recommended operations	3 years	6 years	1	2	3
Verification of the presence and condition of accessories (levers, etc.)	X	-	X	X	X
Visual inspection of the exterior (cleanliness, absence of oxidation, etc.)	X	-	X	X	X
Cleaning of external elements, with a clean, dry cloth.	X	-	X	X	X
Checking the tightness to torque (covers, wiring ducts, connections, etc.)	X	-	X	X	X
Checking the mechanical controls by carrying out a few operations	X	-	X	X	X
Checking the positioning of the status indicators (armed, open and closed)	X	-	X	X	X
Control of the status and functioning of locking by key locks	X	-	X	X	X
Dusting and cleaning the internal mechanical elements and poles (without solvent)	X	-	-	X	X
Inspection of the tightening of the threaded fasteners and presence of internal stop elements*	-	X	-	-	X
Cleaning the internal mechanical elements (with solvent)	-	X	-	-	X
Lubrication and greasing of mechanical elements (with recommended products)	-	X	-	-	X
Monitoring the general appearance of the mechanical components and connections	-	X	-	-	X



* Never intervene on the external linkage fasteners for the poles. These bolts have been tightened to torque, then coated with red nail varnish.

9.5 Systematic preventive maintenance

A systematic check of all High Voltage connections tightening points may be requested by the customer.

Every 3 operations, it is therefore necessary to replace all of these threaded fasteners.

9.6 Maintenance following an intensive operating rhythm

Under normal installation and service conditions, the period of operation of a circuit breaker can go up to 10,000 cycles, on condition that

the provision of periodic preventive maintenance services are carried out every 2,500 cycles).

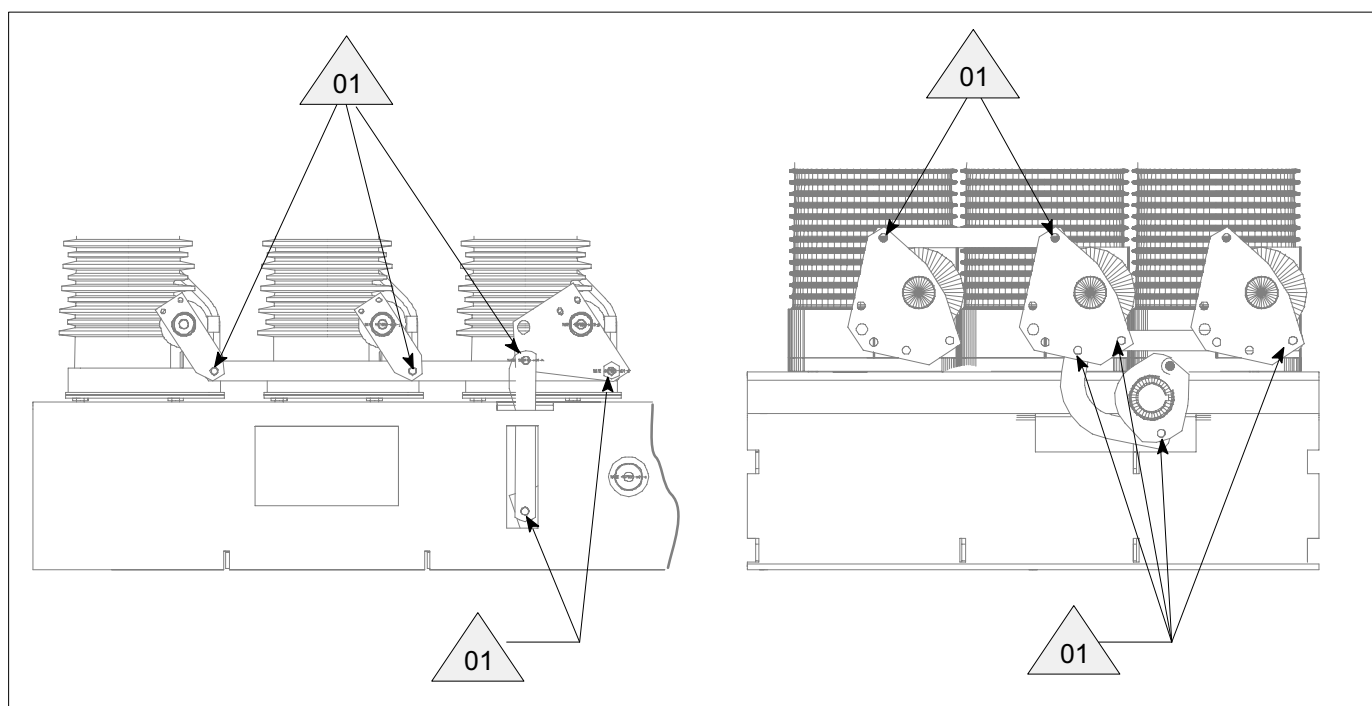
A specific maintenance programme must therefore be drawn up in accordance with the circuit breaker's service conditions. Contact the AREVA After-Sales Dept. (See § 1.1).

9.7 Pole linkage lubrication points

Apply the General Safety Instructions for Electrical Applications and the particular regulations for the network concerned for locking out procedures.

Greases: (See §2.6)

Duration: 1 h 30



9.8 Recommendations for the poles of the circuit breaker

i The circuit breakers are delivered with their poles sealed and leaktight.

⊘ Verification of the SF6 gas pressure is not recommended because it leads to a loss of gas.

i No control is required during the service life of the circuit breaker (contact resistance etc.).

9.9 Corrective maintenance


CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE		Levels		
Replacements or modifications	See chapter	1	2	3
Replacement of a pole	10	-	X	X


9.10 Spare parts


See the instructions in the AMTNoT017-02 manual.


10 Replacement of a pole


10.1 General Instructions


 Never separate the control mechanism from the circuit breaker part.

 Never dismantle the linkages from the poles.

 It is forbidden to replace several poles on the same circuit breaker.

 Each pole has its own reference. The replacement pole absolutely must bear the same reference as the pole being replaced.

 On certain circuit breakers, this replacement operation requires specific training or intervention by our After Sales Dept. (See § 1.1).

 Replacement operations described in this instruction manual have been carried out on the “leading” pole. The same simplified process applies to “led” poles (See § 10.3).

Intervention	Duration	Busbar	Cables	Load Break Switch	Earthing switch
Possible	4 h 00*	energized	de-energized	open	closed
Normal	4 h 00*	de-energized	de-energized	open	closed

* Variable depending on the circuit breaker's equipment.

Apply the General Safety Instructions for Electrical Applications and the particular regulations for the network concerned for locking out procedures.

Greases: (See §2.6)

Tools required:


- Open-ended spanners size 10, 13, 16, 17, 19
- 1 ratchet handle + 10, 16, 17 mm sockets
- Allen keys for hexagonal screws size 5
- Tape measure + rule
- Pin punch + hammer
- Flat-nose pliers
- Flat headed screwdriver


Parts required:

The replacement kit contains:


- 1 pole (identical characteristics),
- 1 bag of new fasteners,
- 1 bottle of thread lock,
- 1 operating lever,
- 1 plug gauge,
- 1 adjustments sheet 470133,
- 1 instruction manual AMTNoT055.

10.2 Preparation of the circuit breaker

 De-energize the circuit breaker, power circuit and auxiliaries (disconnect the circuit breaker from its surrounding environment).

 Before lifting off the cover of the control mechanism:

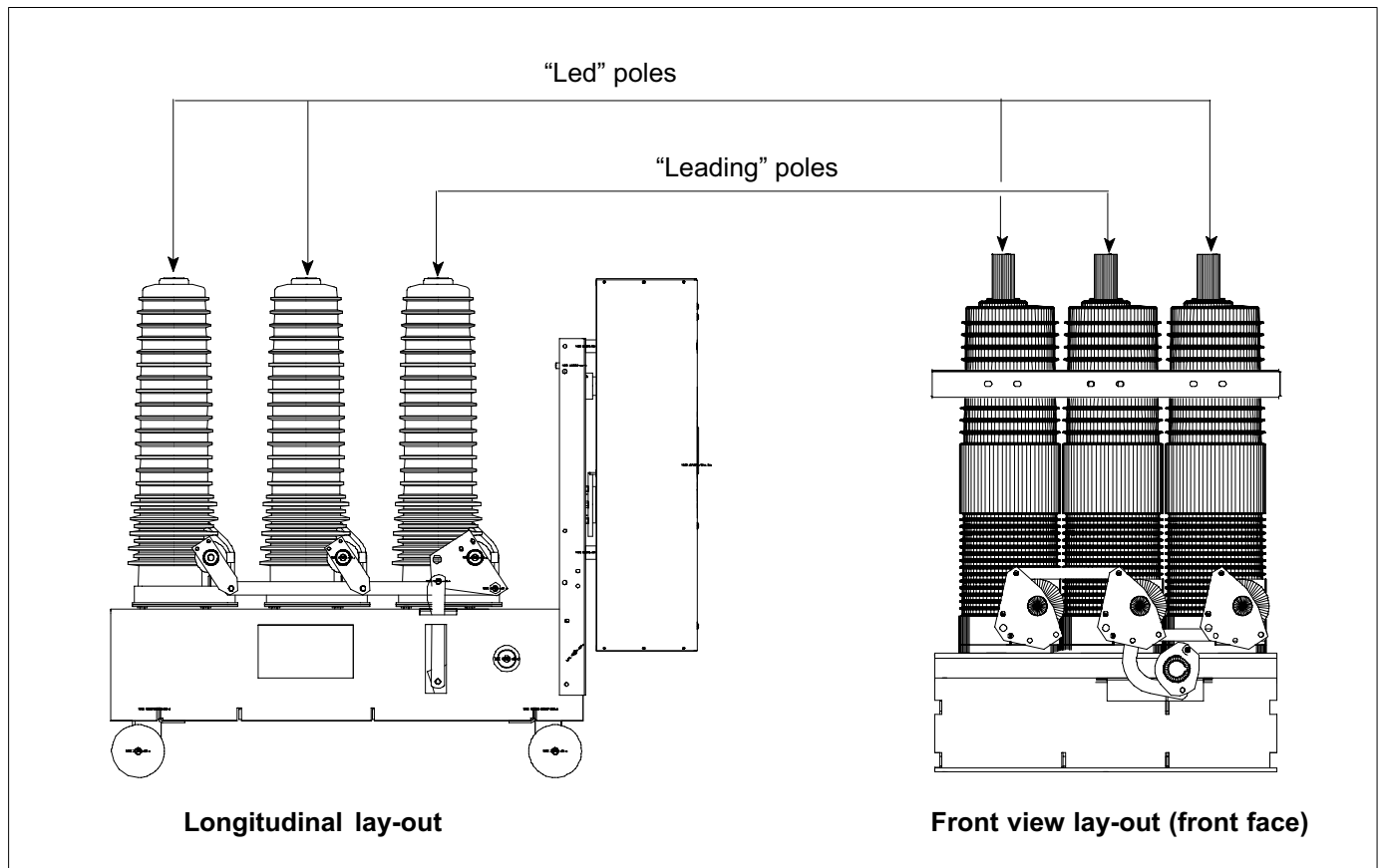
- cut off the motor power circuits,
- operate the operating button several times, in both directions, in order to ensure that the springs have been released,
- cut off all of the other auxiliaries power circuits,

 Bring the pressure on the pole being replaced to 0.5 bar.

10.3 Lay-out of the poles on the circuit breaker's frame

The "leading" pole is the pole directly connected to the control mechanism;

The "led" pole is a pole which is driven by the "leading" pole.



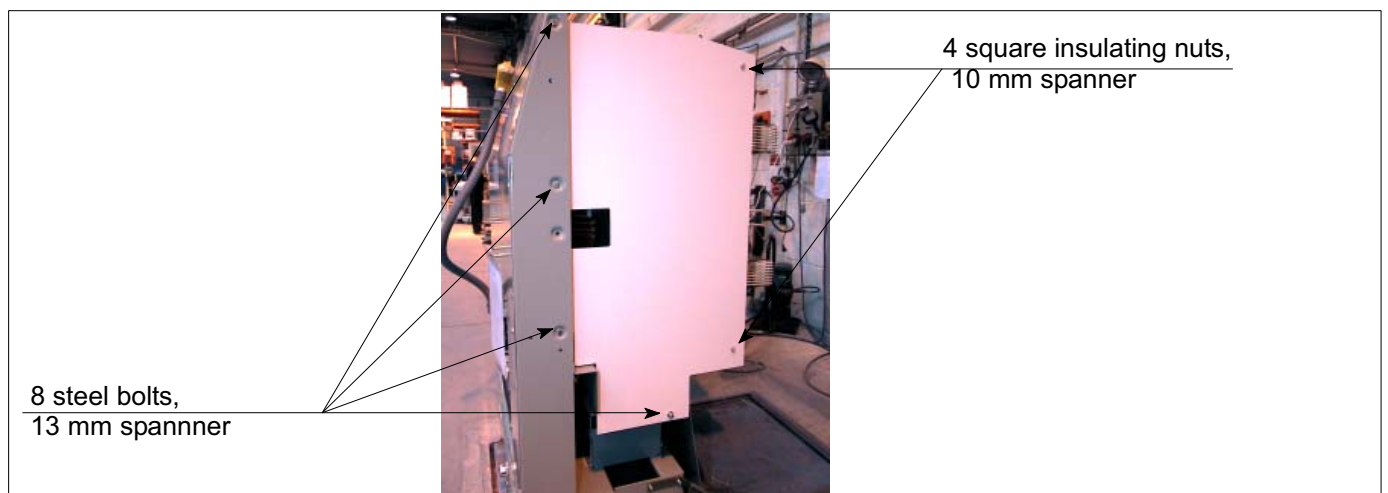
10.4 Remove the accessories for the withdrawable circuit breakers

i The accessories are to be kept aside to equip the new pole.

Screens

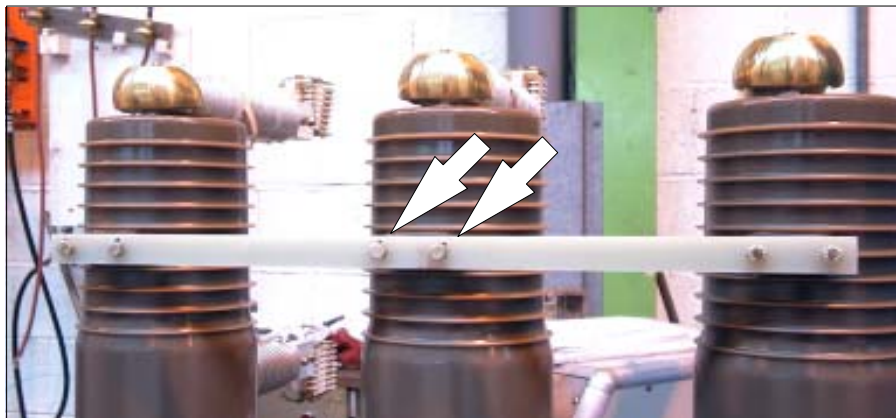
Whenever a moving part is provided with screens, it is necessary to remove them.


⚠ Square insulating nuts can under no circumstances be replaced by steel nuts.

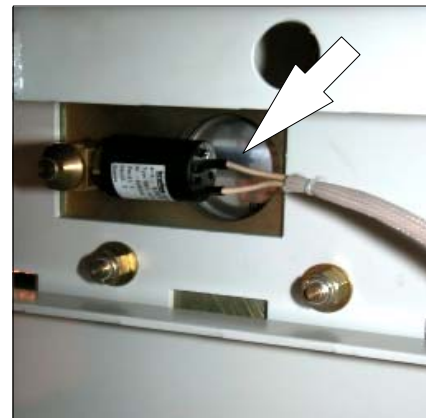


- Fixing point for the screens.

Beam – Insulating bar – Pressure switch




- For circuit breakers provided with an insulating beam or bar, **remove only the 2 nuts** of the pole to be dismantled (16 or 17 mm spanner).
 **Never completely dismantle the insulating beam or bar.**



- If the circuit breaker is provided with pressure switches, disconnect the power supply wiring (accessible under the device's frame).

Deflectors and connectors

 In all cases and before dismantling, note down the connectors positioning dimensions.

Depending on the type of pole, it may be necessary to remove the deflector and the connector.



- Between phases.

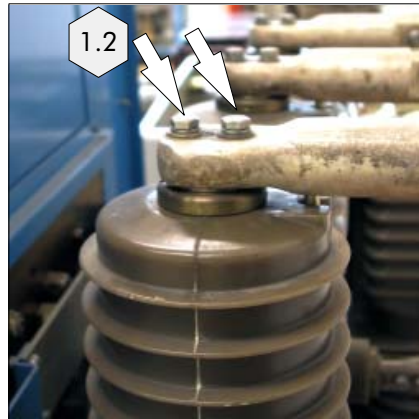


- Between layers.

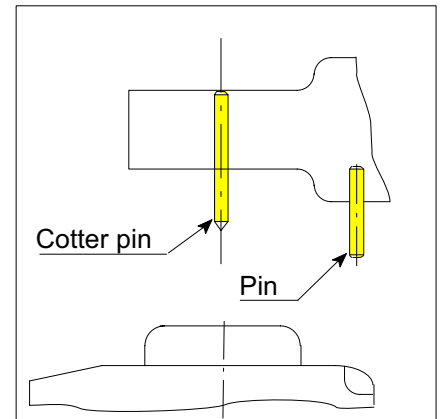
First type of pole equipment



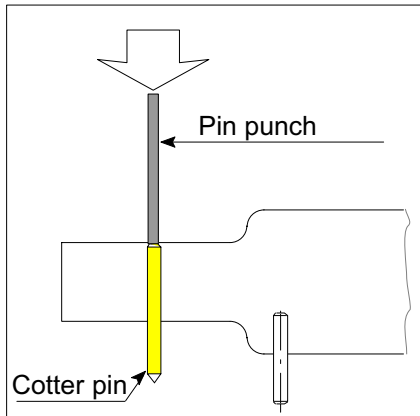
- Unclip and lift off the deflector.



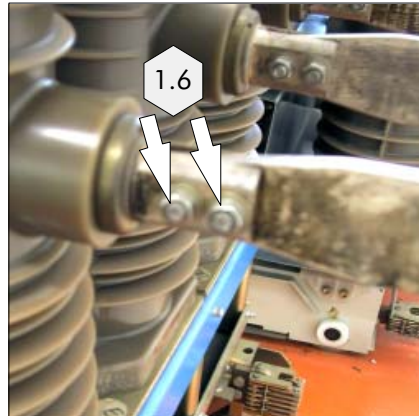
- Unscrew the 2 fixing bolts, then remove the upper connector (13mm spanner).



The 6x35mm cotter pin and the positioning pin remain fixed on the connector.



- Extract the 6x35 cotter pin from the connector (pin punch and hammer or flat-nosed pliers).

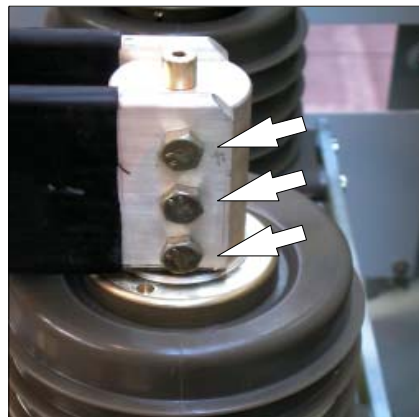


- Unscrew the 2 fixing bolts, then remove the lower connector (13 mm spanner).

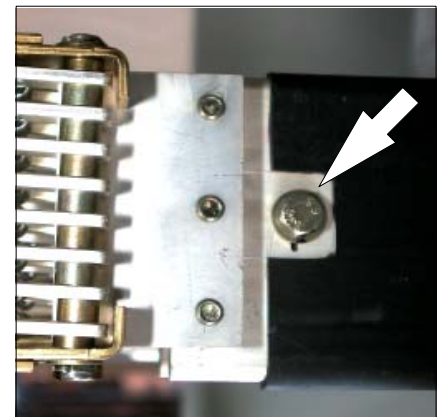
Second type of pole equipment



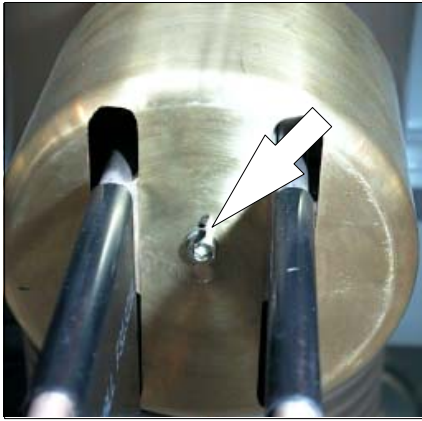
- Remove the maintaining bolt for the upper deflector (5 mm Allen key).
- Remove the deflector.



- Unscrew the 3 fixing bolts, then remove the upper connector (16mm spanner).

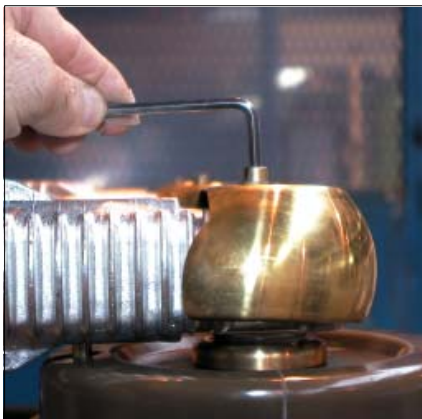


- Unscrew the fixing bolt then remove the spacer from the lower connector (16 or 17 mm spanner).



- Remove the maintaining bolt from the lower deflector (5 mm Allen key).
- Laterally displace the deflector to gain access to the connector's fixing bolts.
- In the same way as for the upper connector, remove the 3 fixing bolts from the lower connector (16 mm spanner).

Third type of pole equipment



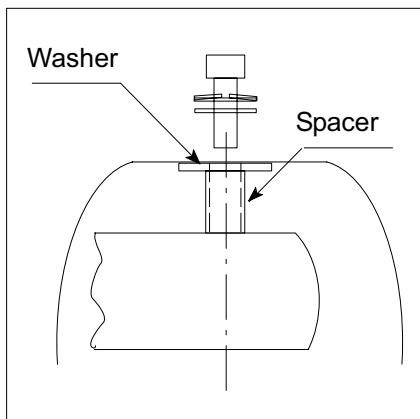
- Remove the maintaining bolt from the upper deflector (5 mm Allen key).



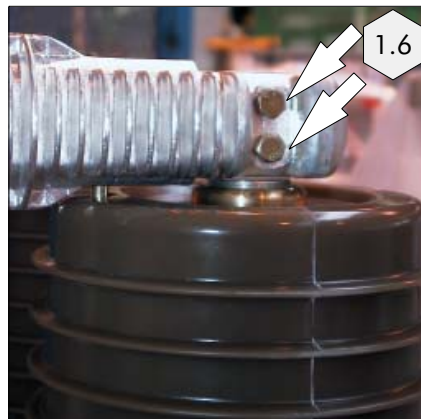
- Remove the deflector.



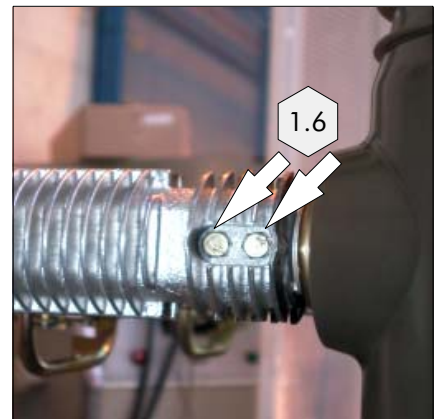
- Remove the spacer and the support washer.



- CAUTION, on re-assembly, scrupulously respect their position on the current terminal.

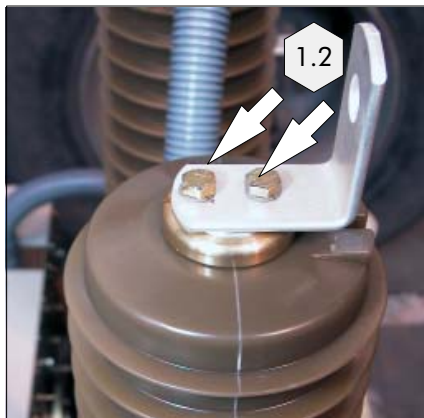


- Unscrew the 2 fixing bolts, then remove the upper connector (13mm spanner).

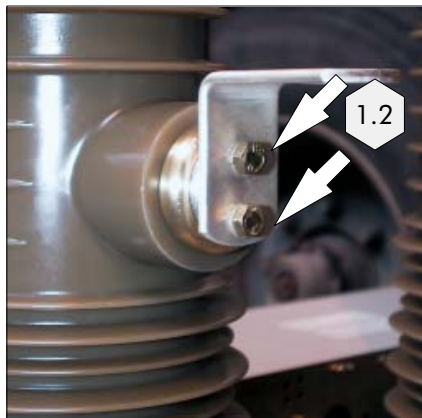


- Proceed with the same operation for the lower connector (2 bolts, 13 mm spanner).

Other types of equipment



- Remove the upper connector (2 bolts, 13 mm spanner).



- Remove the lower connector (2 bolts, 13 mm spanner).

10.5 Removal of a “leading” pole (example in a longitudinal lay-out)



Take all necessary precautions.

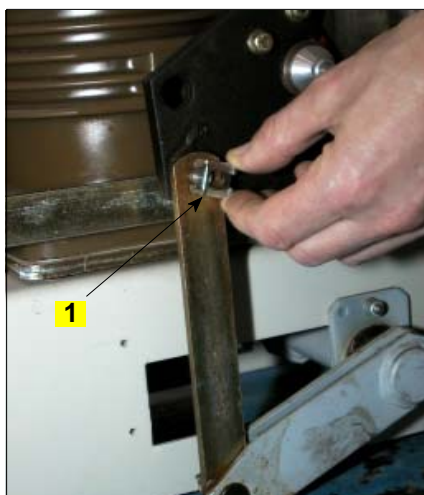
BEWARE OF PARTS IN MOTION !



When being removed, the pole must be handled with care (no shocks to the araldite).



In the case of a circuit breaker having connections ensured by 2 tie-rods, only remove the pin and the clamp from the pole being replaced.



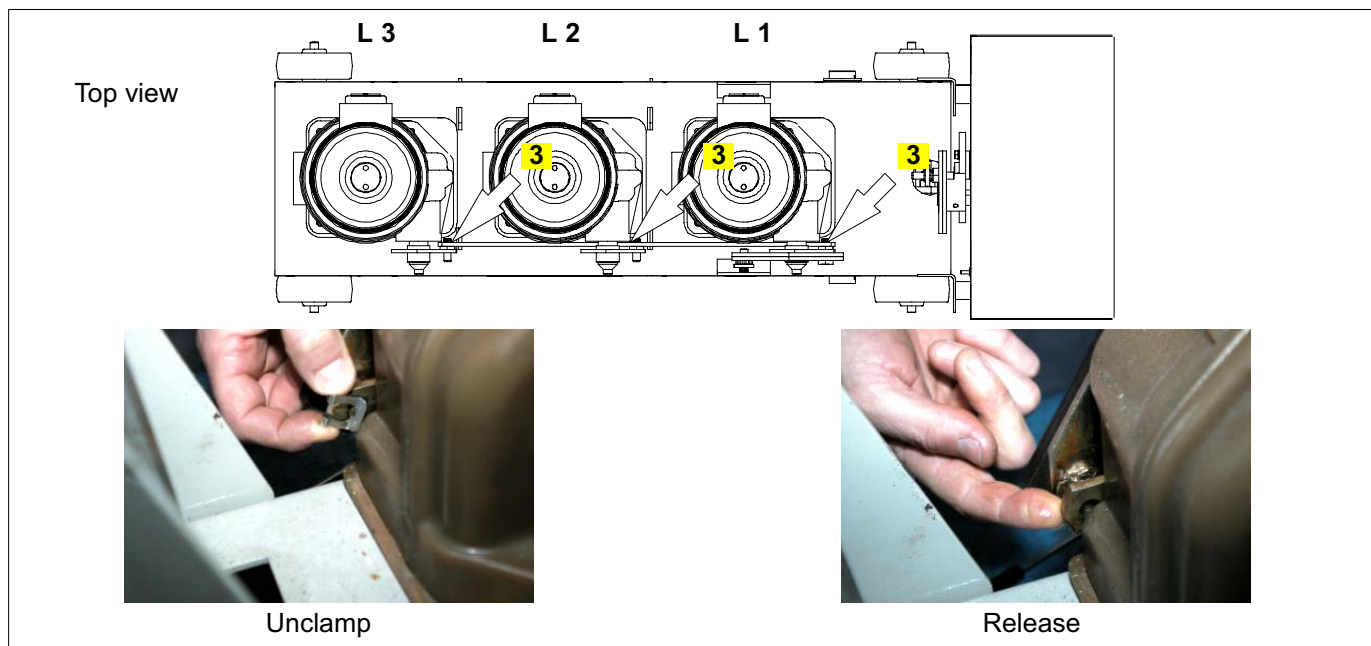
- **1** - Remove the clamp from the tie rod of the control mechanism.




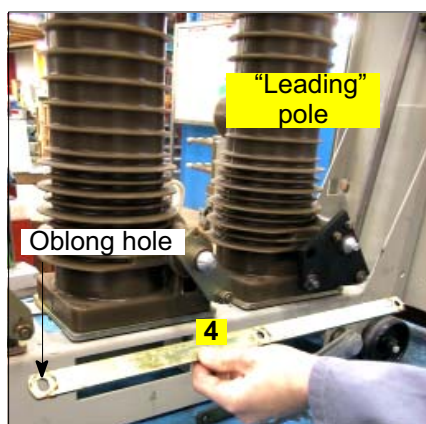
Never dismantle the pin supporting this clamp.



- **2** - Release the tie-rod. It remains connected to the operating lever of the control mechanism.



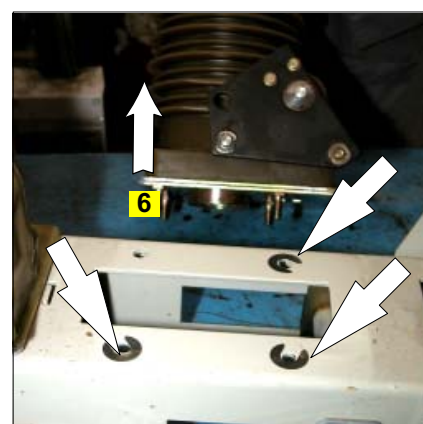
- 3 - Remove the 3 clamps from the poles' drive rod.
 - Release this rod.
-  The poles' levers absolutely must remain in their initial position




- 4 - Remove the poles' drive rod. Note down its position: the oblong hole is opposite the leading pole.




- 5 - Unscrew the 4 nuts fixing the pole on to the frame (access is by the slots on both sides of the frame, 16 or 17mm spanner).



- 6 - Remove the pole from the frame and lay it on its side, on an anti-shock protection mat.
-  Leave in place any possible shimming washers on the frame.

10.6 Removal of the drive lever plate on the pole

 The drive levers have several bore sizes (multiple uses). Before dismantling, if the pole crank handles are equipped with a means of foolproofing, it is not necessary to make a note of the pin holes.

If the contrary is the case, you absolutely must note down precisely as possible the position of the pins on the drive plate.



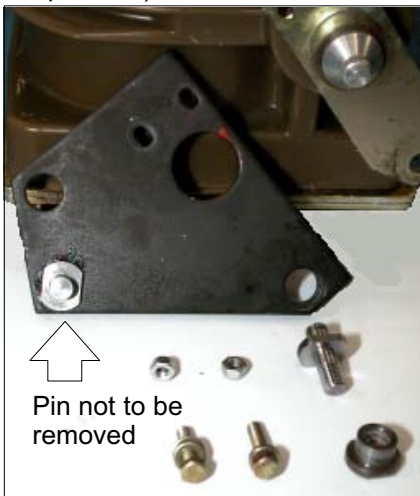
- Remove the drive lever pin (17 mm and 19 mm open-ended spanners).



- Remove the 2 plate-maintaining bolts (ratchet wrench + 10 mm open-ended spanner).



- Remove the plate from the drive lever.



- Detail of the constituent parts.

10.7 Removal of a “led” pole

Follow the same operations as those indicated for the leading pole (§10.5).

10.8 Essential verifications before mounting the new pole

In order:

1 – Check the general state of the new pole, in particular the absence of traces of shocks on the araldite.

2 – Check its nominal pressure which must be equal to 0.5 bar.

3 – Check its reference.

The exchange pole must bear the same technical reference as the original pole (See § 5.2).

10.9 Installation of the new pole



It is essential that you use the new parts supplied with the exchange pole.

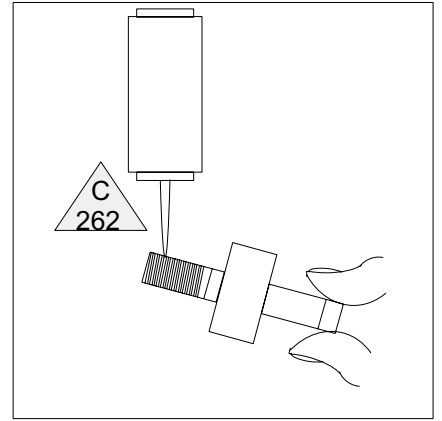
Identify these parts in contrast with those for the original pole and only use rigorously identical parts in the same place.




Scrupulously respect the order for the following operations.




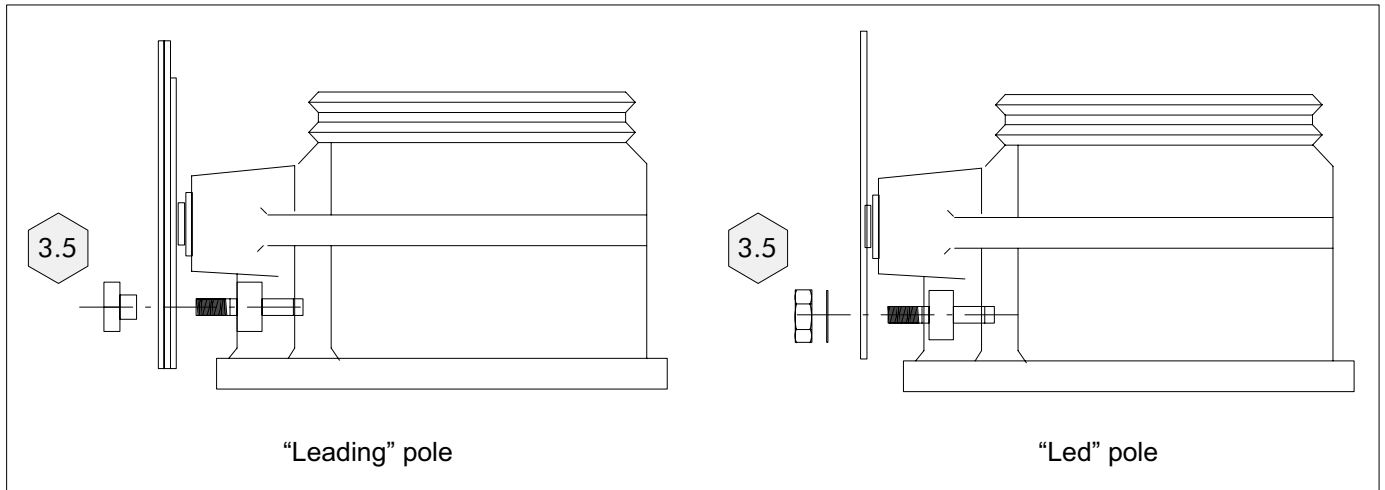
- Degrease the pin and the special nut for the pole's drive lever with solvent (See § 2.6).



- Apply a film of thread lock over all of the threading on the pin whilst taking care to hold it by its smooth part (without touching the threading).

 In order to obtain a high quality bonding, this operation must be carried out at an ambient temperature higher than +15°C.

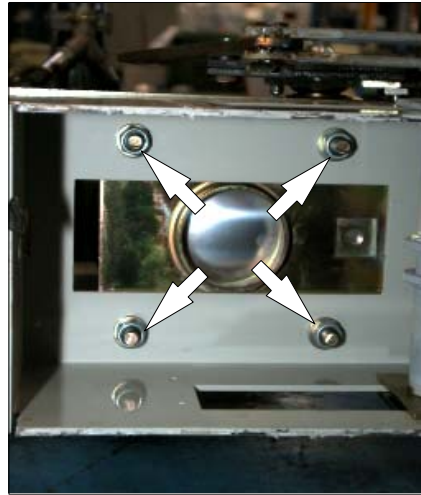
 **During maintenance, it is forbidden to retighten the nuts marked with red nail varnish.**



- “Leading” pole: Fit the pin and the shoulder nut. Tighten to the indicated torque (19 mm open-ended spanners, torque wrench with a 17 mm socket).
- “Led” pole: Fit the pin, the washer and the nut. Tighten to the indicated torque (17 mm open-ended spanner, torque wrench with a 17 mm socket).



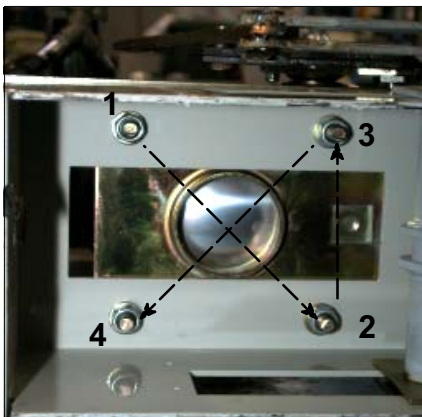
- Present the new pole on to the frame whilst taking care not to displace the shimming washers.



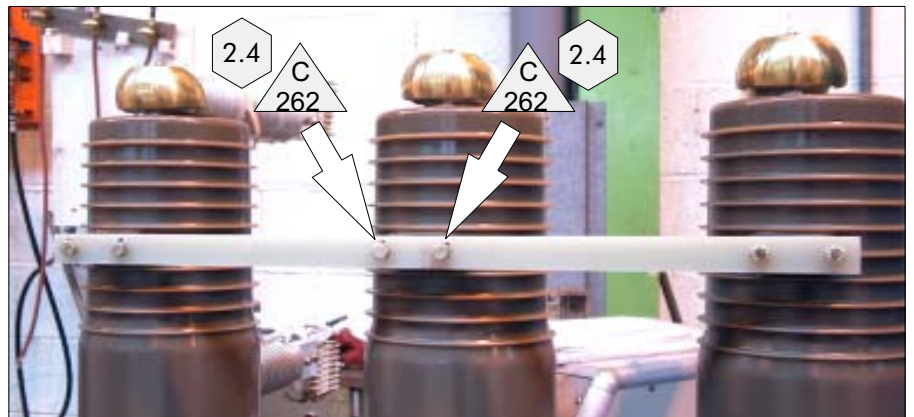
- Under the frame, fit in place 4 new Nylstop nuts.
- Proceed with a pre-tightening of the 4 nuts.

- Mount the connector into the power supply terminal.
- Check that the dimensions between phases and between layers are identical to those noted during dismantling (See § 10.4). If this is not the case, please contact our After-Sales Department (§ 1.1).

Fixing the pole



- **1 - Base plate.**
Progressively block the nuts with a torque wrench and diagonally:
- Ø10 --> 2.4
- Ø12 -----> 4.2



- **2 - Upper linkage with the insulating spacer or beam**
- Degrease the bolts.
- Apply a film of thread lock to each bolt.
- In all cases, the positioning of the fixing bolts must be made without any stress on the pole (respect the original shimming).

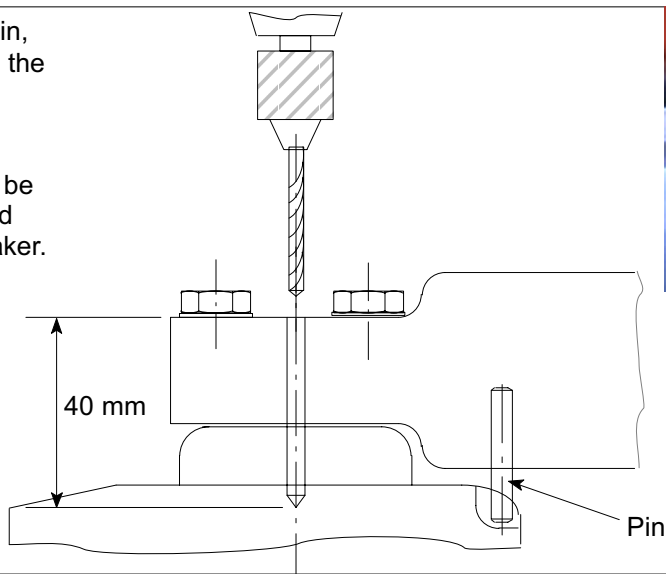
10.10 Re-assembly of the equipment

Fitting the upper connector

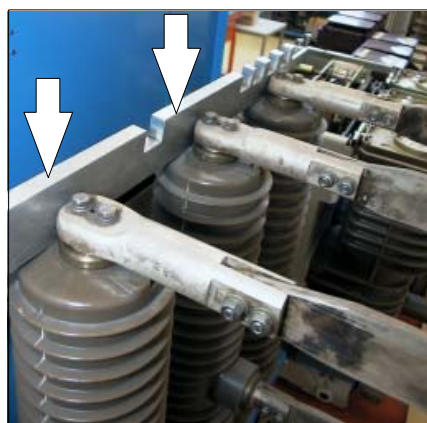
- First case: for fitting the cotter pin, drill a $\varnothing 6$ mm H11 hole through the connector hole:
maximum depth 40 mm.

CAUTION: this operation is not to be carried out for the second and third cases, nor for a “fixed” circuit breaker.

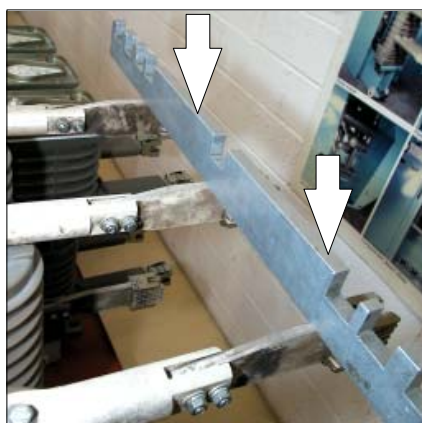
- Fit the new 6x35 mm cotter pin supplied with the accessories.
- Check the presence of the connector's positioning pin.



Close-up of the power supply terminal on an exchange pole



- Using a rule, check the alignment of the replaced pole in terms of depth, by taking the two other poles as a reference.



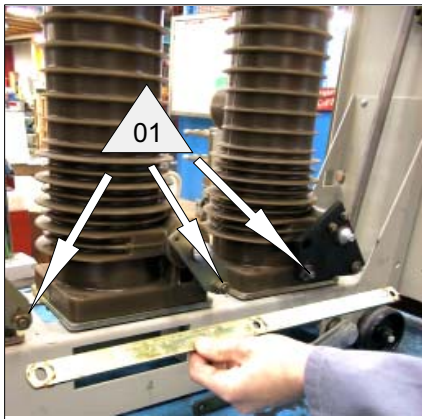
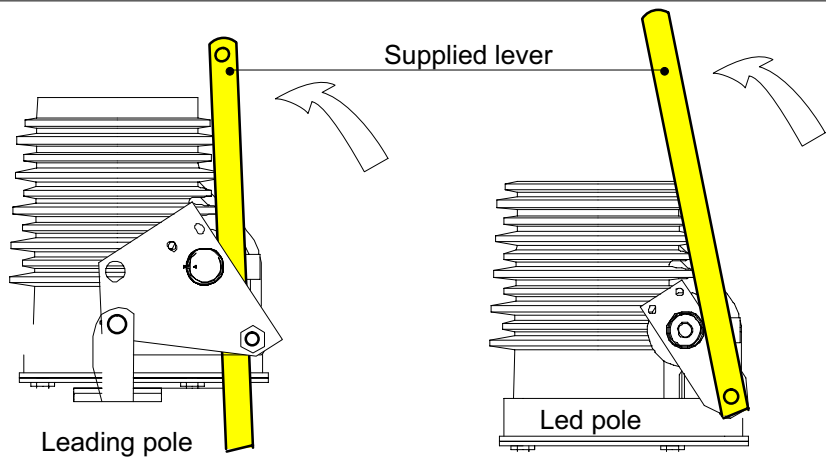
- In the same way, realign the connectors if needed.

Fitting the lower connector

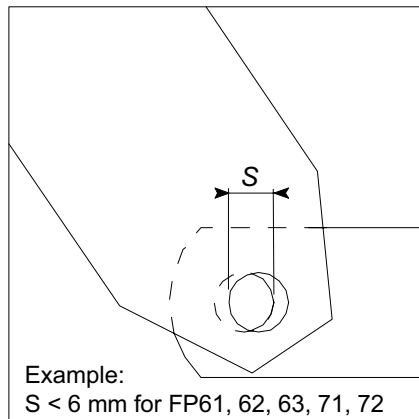
Proceed with operations in the reverse order to those described in § 10.4.

Re-assembly of the drive rods for the poles


- With the aid of the lever supplied with the parts, without forcing it, bring the new pole into position in the “tripped stop” position.



- Grease the pins for each articulation.
- Position the drive rod for the poles, the oblong hole opposite the leading pole.





- Check the positioning in accordance with the instructions on the adjustments sheet ref. 470133: the plug gauge must not penetrate into the passageway for the pin.

 If this is the case, consult our After Sales Dept. (See §1.1).



- Connect the control mechanism's linkage rod.

 Check the position of the pins in relation to the markings made when dismantling.

 All of the existing clamps must be replaced by the new ones supplied.

10.11 Re-assembly of the accessories

- If needed connect the pressure switch wiring.
- Re-assemble the accessories,

deflectors and screens where needed.

10.12 Resetting the pole under nominal pressure

Proceed with filling the pole with SF6 gas to its nominal pressure in

compliance with the value indicated on the rating plate (See § 7).

10.13 Commissioning the circuit breaker

Proceed with a thorough cleaning of the insulators with a dry clean cloth.

clamps on the linkages and of the free functioning of the assembly.

been forgotten and left on the circuit breaker.

Check the presence of safety

Ensure that no tool or object has

Proceed with a mechanical operation test.

11 Revalorization of the equipment

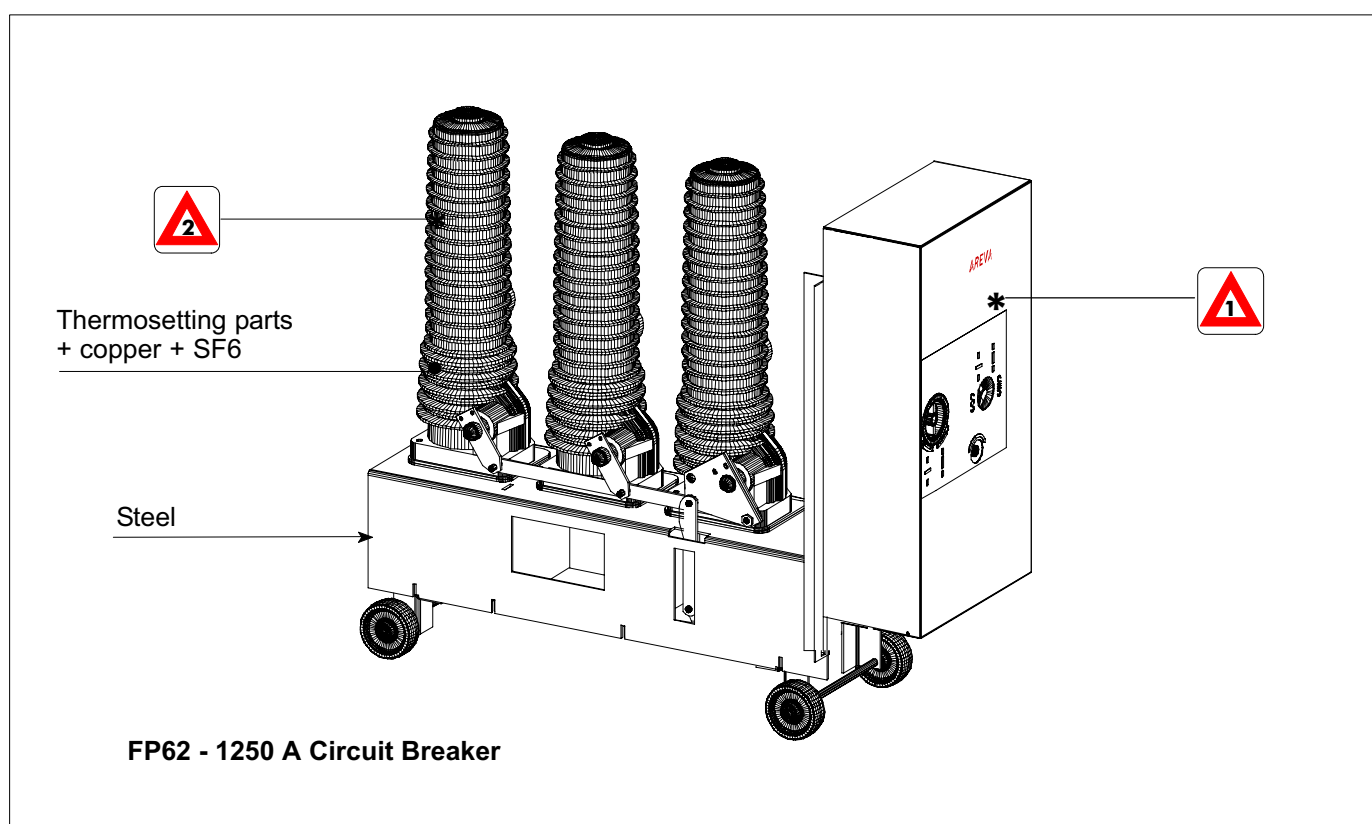
11.1 General

Our circuit breakers are composed of recyclable elements.


Consult AREVA Mâcon for all decommissioning services.


11.2 Destruction of a circuit breaker

- Remove all electrical equipment (relays, motors, etc.).
- On disassembly, the materials must be sorted and sent on via the appropriate recycling channels.



11.3 Safety instructions

 Do not dismantle the mechanical control mechanism springs without the releasing device.

 Do not open the poles without first having recovered the SF6 gas using the appropriate tools.

11.4 Distribution and valorization of the materials used for FP (See § 11.2)

Total weight = **136.58 kg**.

Materials including inserts	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
Steel	92.63		Yes (100%) Yes (95%)
Stainless steel	0		
Copper and copper-based alloys	12.55		
Aluminium and aluminium alloys	5.91		
Other non-ferrous metals	0		
Total metals (including inserts)	111.09	81.34	

Materials	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
Epoxy Resin*	22.41		Cannot be valorized (sent to Technical Burial Centres)
Glass fibre reinforced polyester	0		
Others	0		
Total Thermosetting Products	22.41	16.41	

* mainly silica

Materials	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
PC	0.17		Cannot be valorized
PTFE	0.64		
PVC	0		
PBT	0		
Others (PMMA, PA, PBT)	1.44		
Total Thermoplastics	2.25	1.65	

Materials	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
Elastomers	0.21	0.15	Cannot be valorized
Paints	0.08	0.06	

Gas	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
SF6	0.36	0.26	Yes by regeneration

Other materials	Weight (kg)	% of Materials	Valorization
Total others (zeolite)	0.18	0.13	Cannot be valorized

11.5 Dismantling of the equipment

Consult AREVA for all decommissioning services.



If you have any comments on the use of this document or on the use of the equipment and services that are described in it, please send us your remarks, suggestions and wishes to:

Fax: 33 (0)3 85 29 36 36

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